

# **SCCA<sup>®</sup> Road Rally**

## **Rule Book**

2009 Edition

SCCA<sup>®</sup> Rally Department  
P.O. Box 19400  
Topeka, KS 66619-0400  
[www.scca.com](http://www.scca.com)

**SCCA<sup>®</sup>**  
Sports Car Club of America

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## NOTES

## FOREWORD

Effective November 3, 2008, all editions of the SCCA *RoadRally*<sup>™</sup> Rules (RRRs) are superseded by the following RRRs. The SCCA reserves the right to revise these RRRs, to issue supplements to them at any time, and to promulgate special rules in an emergency. It is expected that contestants and organizers alike refrain from laborious, obscure, or illogical interpretations of these Rules.

Portions of these rules differing significantly from the previous edition are denoted by a solid black bar in the left hand margin next to the line(s) which have been added, omitted, or changed. An example of this “change bar” is at left.

It shall be understood that the (™) mark and/or (®) mark that reference *RoadRally*<sup>™</sup>, SCCA<sup>®</sup>, and *SportsCar*<sup>®</sup> shall be consistent throughout this rulebook without further notation.

Questions concerning these RRRs should be addressed to the *RoadRally* Board or the Rally Department, as listed in Article 1.

### **Finality of Interpretation and Application**

The interpretation and application of the RRRs by SCCA officials shall be final and binding. In order to promote the sport of automotive competition, to achieve prompt finality in competition results, and in consideration of the numerous benefits to them, all members (including competitors and officials) expressly agree that:

- 1) Determinations by SCCA officials are non-litigable;
- 2) They will not initiate or maintain litigation of any kind against SCCA or anyone acting on behalf of SCCA to reverse or modify such determinations, or to seek to recover damages or other relief allegedly incurred or required as a result of such determination, and;
- 3) If a member, competitor, or official initiates and/or maintains litigation in violation of this provision, that member, competitor, or official agrees to reimburse SCCA for all costs of such litigation, including travel expenses and attorneys' fees.

## ARTICLE 1 OFFICIALS

### A) SCCA *RoadRally* Board (RRB)

The RRB is responsible for providing enjoyable *RoadRally* competition, emphasizing safe, considerate use of the highways, precise directions, and fair competition. The RRB shall monitor the execution of approved rules and standards for National Touring Rally (NTR), National Course Rally (NCR), and National GTA Rally (NGR) events. Refer to [www.scca.com](http://www.scca.com) for a current listing of members of the RRB.

### B) SCCA Rally Department

The SCCA Rally Department is responsible for the administration of the SCCA *RoadRally* program.

P.O. Box 19400  
Topeka, KS 66619-0400  
(800) 770-2055 (phone)  
(785) 232-7215 (fax)  
[www.scca.com](http://www.scca.com)

### C) Delegation of Powers

- 1) The RRB shall have the right to delegate powers and appoint such personnel as may be required to effect its purpose and to assign duties and powers to them.
- 2) A Divisional *RoadRally* Steward (DRRS) shall be appointed by the RRB in each SCCA Division (subject to approval of the Board of Directors) for the purpose of coordinating and administering the SCCA *RoadRally* program in the Division. Refer to [www.scca.com](http://www.scca.com) for current Divisional *RoadRally* Stewards (DRRS).
- 3) A *RoadRally* Rules Committee may be appointed by the RRB to advise on proposed changes to the RRRs, RFOs, and to serve as the liaison to National level events. Refer to [www.scca.com](http://www.scca.com) for current members of the Rules Committee.
- 4) The RRB shall appoint a three-person *RoadRally* Disciplinary Committee, if required.

## ARTICLE 2 **RoadRally** RULES (RRRs) AND RULES FOR ORGANIZERS (RFOs)

### A) National **RoadRally** Rules

These RRRs shall govern all National SCCA Rallies. This includes NTR, NCR, and NGR events. Each rule herein shall apply to all the above types of rally unless specifically noted otherwise, e.g. by the notation NTR only, NCR only, NGR only, or NCR and NTR only.

### B) Rules for Organizers

A set of RFOs (available from the Rally Department) for SCCA **RoadRally** events is to be used for the organization and conduct of National SCCA Rallies. Organizers are responsible to the RRB for adherence to the RFOs. The RFOs shall not serve as a basis for claim by contestants.

### C) Revision of RRRs and RFOs

The RRB reserves the right to make such changes in these RRRs and appendices as may be deemed necessary or advisable.

### D) Regional **RoadRally** Rules

The organizers of Regional Rallies are encouraged to maximize the usage of these RRRs and the RFOs in conducting a Regional **RoadRally** Program. If a regional event is to count in the SCCA RoadRally Championship Series, it must follow the appropriate sections of Article 4 relating to minimum requirements. Note, however, that the following articles **must** be adhered to by **every** SCCA-sanctioned RoadRally:

- 1) Article 4.B.4
- 2) Article 10, except E and G
- 3) Article 13 (except SCCA Rally Championship stickers are not required)
- 4) Article 14
- 5) Article 15
- 6) Article 19.C
- 7) Article 21 Regions may modify the timing allowance procedures as long as the intent of this article is met.)

Handbooks, forms, and other assistance are available from the SCCA Rally Department.

### E) Safety Precheck

All SCCA sanctioned roadrallies must have a safety precheck performed by a qualified **RoadRally** Safety Steward.

### ARTICLE 3 ACCEPTANCE OF RRRs AND RFOs

#### A) By the Rally Committee

Each committee that undertakes to organize an SCCA National **RoadRally** shall be acquainted with these RRRs and with the RFOs and shall be bound by them. Application for SCCA-sanction shall constitute evidence of acceptance of this provision.

#### B) By the Contestant

Each entrant in an SCCA National **RoadRally** shall be deemed to be familiar with these RRRs and shall be bound by them; participation shall constitute evidence of acceptance of this provision.

### ARTICLE 4 SCCA-SANCTION

#### A) Definition of an SCCA **RoadRally**

- 1) An SCCA **RoadRally** in the National championship series shall be an automotive test in which skillful and thoughtful driving and navigational skills are stressed. For NTR and NCR only each vehicle must individually follow a prescribed common route at specified legal and reasonable average speeds.
- 2) **NTR Only** - Events shall contain no course following or timing 'traps'. The route instructions shall be completely straightforward, so that the entire emphasis of the competition shall be to remain on time on a clearly defined course.
- 3) **NCR Only** - Events may contain course following and timing exercises ('traps').

#### B) Duration

- 1) An NTR or NCR shall have a minimum road course of 200 miles and employ a minimum of 18 timing controls, of which at least 12 must be open or passage controls. An NGR shall have an allowable run time of at least 6 hours.
- 2) Regional GTA events in the SCCA **RoadRally** National Championship series shall have an allowable run time of at least 3 hours.
- 3) Regional tour and course events in the SCCA **RoadRally** National Championship series shall meet at least two of the following criteria:
  - a) A minimum of 4 timed controls
  - b) A minimum run time of 3 hours
  - c) A minimum distance of 60 miles
- 4) For SCCA **RoadRally** National Championship Series points reporting only, Regional events shall combine classes until there are a minimum

of two cars per class. The Regional event's general instructions shall specify a reasonable method for combining classes, if needed.

- 5) Decisions to discard parts of the rally will not be a basis for de-sanctioning the event even though the discard causes the rally to be less than the above minimums.
- 6) Any SCCA-sanctioned **RoadRally** shall be so constructed as to ensure that participants will not be required to be on the road more than 16 hours in any 24-hour period. In each 24-hour period containing a major phase of a rally there shall be a rest stop of at least eight consecutive hours.

### C) Application for Sanction

Any event proposed as a NTR, NCR, or NGR must be sanctioned by the SCCA in accordance with all requirements set forth in these RRRs and in the RFOs.

An SCCA Region desiring sanction for an SCCA **RoadRally** Championship National rally must submit a calendar date request to the Rally Department at least four months in advance except in the case of a new committee or a triple event (non-concurrent) proposal which requires a nine month advance request. Regional rallies must be calendared no less than 14 days prior to the event. A committee deemed as "new" is further explained in the RFOs. The Rally Department, in conjunction with the RRB, will determine whether the rally should be calendar listed, and if the calendar listing is disapproved, the Region will be advised of necessary changes to permit calendar listing.

At least 90 days prior to the proposed National **RoadRally**, an SCCA Region (in applying for sanction) must submit to the RRB, via the Rally Department, a detailed description of the proposed event, a draft of the event's GIs, and requests for any exceptions to these RRRs.

The RRB, as part of the sanctioning procedure, will determine the number of pre-checks required. This determination will be made within ten working days after receipt of the sanction application. **All pre-check expenses are to be handled directly by the conducting Region.**

The RRB specifically reserves the right to refuse calendar listing or sanction of a proposed National **RoadRally** if, in the opinion of the RRB, the rally appears not to conform to required standards. The RRB reserves the right to withdraw a granted sanction at any time prior to the running of an event if, in its judgment, the event committee has failed in important respects to conform with these RRRs, the RFOs, or any recommendation of the RRB, or to observe their spirit, or if it believes the rally will fail to meet required standards. It reserves the right to withdraw sanction after the running of the rally when, in its judgment, such withdrawal is necessary or advisable in the interests of the contestants. Application for National **RoadRally** status or

acceptance of it by any SCCA Region shall constitute recognition of these rights.

The prohibition against co-sanctioning and/or co-sponsoring events by SCCA shall not prevent cooperation by SCCA Regions with other organizations provided that the events are controlled by the sanctioning region, and are conducted in accordance with SCCA rules and regulations pertaining to the event.

## **ARTICLE 5 ANNOUNCEMENT TO MEMBERSHIP**

### **A) General Announcement**

Each calendared NTR, NCR, or NGR will be listed on the SCCA website. The committee should provide a flyer and entry form no later than two months prior to the closing of entries.

### **B) Special Announcements**

Mailings of announcements, publication in Regional newsletters, and other forms of event advertising are optional, but encouraged.

### **C) Announcement of Accommodations and Meals**

In addition to other information made available in advance to prospective entrants, the rally committee shall provide full information describing available hotel accommodations and meals. If a package plan including hotel rooms and meals is offered, it must be optional and not be integrated with the entry fee; however, it shall not be necessary to offer any part or parts of a package plan separately. When an entrant chooses to forego the package plan he need only pay the required entry fee and shall assume all responsibility for obtaining his lodgings and meals.

## **ARTICLE 6 OFFICIAL OBSERVER**

### **A) Designation and Eligibility of Observer**

The Event Chairman, in consultation with the RRB Liaison, shall appoint a qualified contestant as the Official Observer.

### **B) Duties of the Observer**

The Official Observer shall:

- 1) Ascertain whether the rally has conformed to both the letter and spirit of the RRRs and RFOs.
- 2) Receive claims and claim fees from contestants.
- 3) Convene and chair the claims committee.
- 4) Promptly render a written report of findings to the Rally Department, along with any claims and claim fees.

- 5) Perform any other duties assigned by the RRB.

Note: The Official Observer must participate as a contestant in the rally.

Contestants are invited to call to the Official Observer's attention anything they feel should be included in his report; however, they must not ask the Observer to adjudicate any matter nor to carry communication between them and the rally committee.

The Rally Chairman and the Rally Committee shall not require the Observer to adjudicate any point at issue, but the Observer may, if requested, give his opinion on the matter. The Observer shall serve on the rally claims committee as the non-voting Chair. In the event that the Observer enters a formal claim he shall designate another qualified rallyist as his substitute during its consideration by the claims committee. As part of his report, the Observer shall describe any violations of the RRRs giving his opinion as to the severity of each violation and whether the violation was inadvertent or intentional and provide an overall assessment of the handling of claims.

## **ARTICLE 7 RALLY AWARDS**

### **A) Class Trophies**

Suitable trophies, one for each crewmember, shall be awarded to the highest-placing crews. The number of pairs of such awards in each class shall be equal to not less than 10% of the number of entries in each class.

### **B) Supplementary Trophies**

Additional awards for novice, long-distance, marque, sportsmanship, teams, or others shall be at the discretion of the Rally Committee.

## **ARTICLE 8 ANNUAL *RoadRally* CHAMPIONSHIP**

### **A) Eligibility**

Only SCCA members in good standing at the time of the event shall be eligible to receive points from that event counting toward the annual *RoadRally* National Championship. Weekend members can accumulate championship points, but must obtain an annual membership prior to the USRRC to be eligible for year-end awards.

### **B) National Champions**

- 1) Championship points and awards shall be made to SCCA members competing in SCCA *RoadRally* Championship tour, course, and GTA events. The competition year begins with the first series event after the previous year's US *RoadRally* Challenge (USRRC), and continues through the USRRC of the current competition year.

- 2) Each year, there shall be three National Championship Series. The Tour rally series consists of all NTR and eligible regional tour events, the Course rally series consists of all NCR and eligible regional course events, and the GTA rally series consists of all NGR and eligible regional GTA events. Points and awards shall be made to SCCA members competing in and working these events. Points earned through competition in one series are not transferable to any other series.
- 3) The SCCA shall recognize National **RoadRally** Champions in four categories each for tour, course, and GTA series. The category in which a member competes is based on experience as measured by accumulated lifetime points at the start of the competition year. Categories for **RoadRally** National Championships are:
  - Sportsman Category: 0 lifetime points
  - Senior Category: 1 – 49 lifetime points
  - Expert Category: 50 – 199 lifetime points
  - Grand Master Category: 200+ lifetime points
- 4) Champions in each category shall be determined by the accumulation of points earned in SCCA **RoadRally** championship events in each series up to a maximum of 100 points. Regional rallies may account for a maximum of 70 of these points in each series.
- 5) If for any reason, an entrant does not wish to have points from an event count toward the Championship, they should notify the SCCA Rally Department and the Official Points Keeper of this before the date of the event. Entrants may do so by advising the SCCA Rally Department via certified mail, time/date stamped e-mail, or fax, postmarked not later than three days prior to the start of the event. Entrants must indicate that “The undersigned individual(s), entrant(s) in the \_\_\_\_\_ rally, is (are) not competing in the event for National Championship points.” Lacking such notification, entrants will be deemed competitors for points in any event started, in accordance with this Article. Notification may not be revoked. Conditional non-declarations are not allowed. Any notification will be confirmed by both the Rally Department and the Points Keeper before the event. If the contestant does not receive either confirmation in a timely manner, the contestant should call the Rally Department or the Points Keeper before running the event to confirm that the notification was received.

C) Points Scoring System

Points shall be awarded only on the basis of finishing position in rally class and not on the score of any individual section of a rally or in a supplementary event. In case sanction of a rally is withdrawn retroactively, such rally shall be deleted from the annual championship scoring.

Each member officially starting a National **RoadRally** shall be awarded a number of points based on the car's finishing position in rally class according to the schedule set forth hereafter. In case of a tie for a position, the points for that position shall be awarded equally to each competitor and the contestants following shall be shifted down in position by the number of cars tied. For example, three cars tied for second place would receive eight points each and the next placing car would then receive the fifth place points.

In cases where multiple events are conducted concurrently, a competitor may enter only one for championship points.

The Chairman of an SCCA **RoadRally** Championship event may identify up to four persons who have participated in the event in the capacity of Chairman, Rallymaster, or pre-check crew member to receive worker points for that event. Such workers shall receive 10 points toward the championship series of their choice (this choice must be noted on the worker point form). If a series is not selected, the points will be applied to the series of the worked event, or at the discretion of the Official Points Keeper. Once the Chairman has officially declared the persons to receive worker points, the designees may not change. The designation must be made at the time official results are submitted, or worker points will not be awarded. A maximum of 10 worker points will be awarded to an individual in each series each season.

Points are awarded as follows for each event:

<i>Position</i>	<i>Points</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Points</i>
1	10.0	14	1.3
2	8.0	15	1.2
3	6.0	16	1.1
4	5.0	17	1.0
5	4.0	18	0.9
6	3.0	19	0.8
7	2.0	20	0.7
8	1.9	21	0.6
9	1.8	22	0.5
10	1.7	23	0.4
11	1.6	24	0.3
12	1.5	25	0.2
13	1.4	26 & lower	0.1

Regional rallies count as one event, National rallies count as two events, and a USRRC rally counts as three events.

D) **Championship Awards**

Championship Series awards shall be presented to the top 10% of those competing that year in each category. In the event of ties for the last award, the number of awards shall be increased to include those tied. In

order to receive a year-end Championship award the contestant must have a minimum of 50 points in that series. If two or more contestants have accumulated the same number of points, the position in question shall be declared a tie. The next position(s) shall not be vacated.

E) **Manufacturers' *RoadRally* Championship**

There shall be an annual competition for all automobile manufacturers in SCCA ***RoadRally*** National Championship series rallies. A marque shall be scored based on the top six overall finishers in the event as follows: 10, 8, 6, 5, 4, and 3. National rallies shall count as two events, and the USRRC shall count as three events. This award shall include all events in all three series combined into one championship year.

F) **Points Records**

***RoadRally*** National Championship points standings shall be administered and maintained by the Official Points Keeper. For a national event it shall be the duty of the chairman of the rally committee to send to the Rally Department, via postal or e-mail, the final official results, the list of workers to receive worker points, and a complete entry list with addresses of participants, membership status, and make of vehicle. If these items are not sent within 15-days of the event (based upon the postmark or timestamp) the organizers are subject to a fine of \$50.00.

For a regional event the organizers, their region, or any event competitor may report results to the Official Points Keeper. SCCA official result forms need not be used, but the results must clearly state the classes of competition, the full names and the SCCA membership status of all competitors, and the car manufacturer for each entry, as well as the list of workers to receive worker points.

If event results are not received within 45 days of the event, or the day before the USRRC (which ever occurs first), the event shall not count toward the SCCA ***RoadRally*** National Championship Series.

## **ARTICLE 9 INSTRUCTIONS**

A) **Provisions for Special Rules**

A ***RoadRally*** may have, incorporated in its General Instructions (GIs), its own special rules supplementing these RRRs.

B) **Precedence of Special Rules**

Should an event's special rules conflict with these RRRs, the event's rules shall normally take precedence, by virtue of their specialized nature, provided that such conflicting special rules have been outlined in the sanction application, have been approved and are identified as exceptions in the GIs.

### C) Issuance of GIs

The GIs (including any special rules applying to the event) shall be in writing and shall be mailed via First Class mail to each driver and navigator at least 14 days prior to the date of the rally. The committee may offer to send GIs via e-mail in lieu of, or in addition to First Class mail. Committees wishing to make this offer may do so on the entry form, but must still offer GIs via First Class mail to all competitors who do not explicitly select this option. Regardless, committees must include one copy of the GIs in the registration packet.

### D) Questions From Contestants

Contestants may submit written questions concerning the GIs. These questions must be received prior to the opening of registration unless the event's GIs specify an earlier deadline; if possible they should be worded so as to be answerable "yes", "no", or "does not occur". The response to these written questions shall be posted prior to the opening of registration and nothing added thereafter. Responses are solely for the purpose of clarification. They may not supersede, add to, modify, or conflict with either the rally GIs or the RRRs. However, should a question possibly disclose a point overlooked by the committee, or be judged by the committee to require special handling the matter shall be dealt with in supplementary GIs issued to all contestants. Questions shall not be answered in such a manner as to provide confidential information to only a limited number of contestants.

### E) Content of GIs

- 1) The GIs for a **RoadRally** shall contain all rules and regulations (including special regulations) governing the rally, together with detailed data concerning timing and scoring procedures, penalties, awards and other information essential to the contestants understanding of the event.
- 2) The GIs shall also contain a glossary, listing and defining all terms (including abbreviations and symbols) used in the route instructions having a special meaning, other than those listed in Article 27 (Glossary) of these RRRs, giving particular attention to local usage and colloquialisms.
- 3) In addition, where a hotel serving as rally headquarters has any special rules or policies, such as a rule governing the form of guests' attire in its public rooms, the rally committee shall convey such information to the entrants through the GIs.
- 4) Following the course
  - a) NCR ONLY - Unless clearly stated in the event's GIs, the only methods for following the course shall be as described in Articles 24 & 25, Glossary, and the event's route instructions. The basic type of route instruction to be used in an NCR event shall be numbered route instructions (NRI). Article 25.A contains the

conventions related to the execution of actions in such instructions. If other NRI are to be used in a given event or if other types of route instructions are to be used in conjunction with NRI, the event's GIs must include complete information concerning the overlap of the various types of route instructions, priority of execution of route instructions, and all other information necessary for correct utilization of such instructions.

- b) NTR ONLY - Unless clearly stated in the event's GIs, the only methods for following the course shall be as described in Articles 22 & 23, Glossary, and the event's route instructions. The only type of route instruction to be used in an NTR will be NRI. The conventions related to execution of actions in such instructions are contained in Article 23.A.
  - c) NGR only - Unless clearly stated in the event's GIs, the only methods for following the course shall be described in Article 26, Glossary, and the event's route instructions.
- 5) Notwithstanding the provision of the first sentence of this section, it shall not be necessary to include in the rally GIs a reprint of these RRRs, with which all entrants are presumed to be acquainted.

#### F) Issuance of Route Instructions

Route instructions shall be issued to each crew 30 minutes before the start of the first phase of the rally that they cover. The issuance of route instructions shall follow an orderly procedure designed to ensure all crews have equal amounts of time to study the information contained in the instructions. Two sets of route instructions shall be available to each crew. Special instructions, note instructions, etc., issued at a control are not subject to the 30-minute requirement specified above.

A rally crew's leaving the starting line of the first phase of the event covered by a particular set of route instructions will be construed as evidence that they are satisfied with the completeness and legibility of the route instructions issued to them.

#### G) Content of Route Instructions

All information issued to contestants regarding route following and the execution of various phases of the event shall be in writing.

### ARTICLE 10 ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

#### A) Entry Form

- 1) Application for entry in an SCCA **RoadRally** shall be made by means of an official entry form, to be furnished by the rally committee. The form shall contain or be accompanied by full instructions for its submission, and shall mention the date of closing, if any, of entries.

2) The following statement must appear on the entry form and be signed by the driver: "The entrant warrants that an auto insurance policy with liability limits of not less than \$20,000 /\$40,000/\$10,000 is in force for each vehicle entered".

**B) Number of Contestants per Crew**

Each vehicle participating in an NTR or NCR shall have two and only two participants. Each vehicle participating in any other SCCA **RoadRally** event shall have at least two participants, but no more than can safely be carried in the car (generally determined by the number of available seat belts). Event GIs may also specify any limit within this range. Children ten years of age and under may ride with their parent(s), without counting against the maximum limit of 2 participants. Any participant under the age of 18, however, must have a minor waiver signed by both parents.

**C) Driver's License**

Drivers shall be required to certify that they hold a valid automobile operator's license for the state in which they reside as of the date of the event.

**D) Drawing for Numbers**

Numbers for competing vehicles shall be assigned as a result of drawing(s) conducted by the rally committee. The first drawing shall be held no earlier one month prior to the event. All entries received after the final announced drawing shall be assigned the lowest available number in order of receipt. Once assigned as specified in this section, a car number shall not be changed at the request of, nor for the convenience of, an entrant.

**E) Car Registration**

Each entrant must certify that the car entered is on the road legally and is either owned by the entrant or is being used by the entrant with the owner's permission.

**F) Substitution of a Crew Member**

Substituting, for any reason, another person in place of either member of a crew originally entered in a rally after the car has departed from the starting line of the first phase of the event shall result in a score of DNF (did not finish) for the car and its crew members.

**G) Liability Release**

All entrants, rally committee members, and workers in any SCCA **RoadRally** must sign a waiver, at each event, in such form prescribed by the SCCA Insurance Handbook.

#### H) Substitution of Vehicles

A different vehicle from the one originally entered may be substituted, in case of an emergency, upon notice to the rally committee before the close of registration and safety inspection.

#### I) Unsuitable Vehicles

A rally committee shall have the right to refuse entry for any vehicle that would, in the committee's opinion, be incapable of negotiating the course safely. In rejecting such an entry the committee must give the entrant immediate notification along with the option of securing a suitable vehicle.

#### J) Display of Commercial Advertising

All competing vehicles in an SCCA **RoadRally** may be required to carry event sponsor advertising supplied by the organizers (such advertising must be approved in advance of the event by the RRB). All commercial advertising displayed on the competing vehicles must be in good taste, subject to the discretion of the event organizers.

#### K) Refusal of Entries

SCCA reserves the right to bar any member or non-member from participating in the SCCA **RoadRally** championship program. A rally committee shall have the authority to accept or reject an entry. If an entry is refused, notification of such refusal shall be sent to the entrant at the address given on the entry form as soon as possible and, if possible, at least five days prior to the event. A copy of the notification, together with a supplemental and confidential statement of the reason(s) for the denial of entry, shall be forwarded to the RRB.

### ARTICLE 11 CHAMPIONSHIP CLASSES

For the purpose of NTR and NCR competition, organizers shall provide for the classification of contestants into three classes, known as Class E (Equipped), Class L (Limited), and Class S (Stock). GPS devices not connected to another calculating device (computer, calculator, etc.) are permissible in any of the three classes.

#### A) Class E

No limit is placed on the equipment permissible for use

#### B) Class L

The only restriction placed on the permissible equipment for this class is that the computation equipment must not receive a direct input from any distance-measuring device. All inputs for mileage must be made manually.

### C) Class S

Paper and “pencil”, and timepieces, either electrical or mechanical, which cannot be varied in rate to aid in computation, are permissible. Computation equipment is limited to any standard slide rule-type device(s), single memory, non-programmable calculator(s) and/or tables or books listing speed factors. Curtas and similar mechanical calculating devices may not be used. Mileage measuring equipment is limited to stock odometer(s) in the stock location(s) with a non-varying drive.

In addition to the above, organizers may offer other classes, such as a vintage class or an “SOP” (Seat-Of-the-Pants) class. The criteria for such class(es) are to be determined by event organizers. For the purpose of official results, such entrants shall also be scored in one of the three official classes above.

## **ARTICLE 12 ENTRY FEES**

The conducting SCCA Region shall set the entry fee for an SCCA *RoadRally*. Refer to the RFOs for further information regarding fees. An entry shall be considered to include a vehicle and its occupants.

## **ARTICLE 13 VEHICLE INSPECTION**

### A) Requirement for Vehicle Review

Each vehicle entered in an SCCA *RoadRally* shall be subjected to a review of vehicle suitability and compliance with insurance requirements within the 24-hour period immediately preceding the start of the event or events (when sequential events are sanctioned). Such review may be by physical inspection or warrant by entrants, or a combination thereof.

### B) Failure to Meet Inspection Requirements

Any vehicle failing to meet the standards required shall be barred from participation or be disqualified. The entrant of any vehicle initially failing to meet the requirements prescribed by the rally committee shall be allowed to remedy any deficiency and to resubmit the vehicle for inspection as the committee may direct.

### C) Minimum Inspection Requirements

- 1) The inspection shall be conducted in accordance with standards prescribed by the rally committee. As a requirement, the following vehicle equipment shall be in proper operating order:
  - a) Headlights (high and low beams) and parking lights
  - b) Taillights and stoplights
  - c) Horn, windshield wipers and directional signals
  - d) Rear-view mirror

- e) Foot brakes and parking brake
  - f) Tires (inspected for condition of sidewalls as well as tread)
  - g) Seat belts, securely installed for the driver and navigator
  - h) Competition class equipment limitations
- 2) In addition for night events, it is recommended that each car have aboard, in an accessible location, the following items:
- a) First aid kit (Johnson & Johnson Auto First Aid Kit or equivalent)
  - b) Fire extinguisher of at least 2 B:C rating
  - c) Tow rope or chain
  - d) Emergency warning triangles or road flares
- 3) Car numbers shall not be placed on the windows of the competition vehicle except behind the B pillar. The organizers shall not require any contestant to place any event or organization related material on any window. It is not necessary for competitors to remove any SCCA decal previously applied to side windows.
- 2) The organizers shall insure that an SCCA *RoadRally* sticker (available from the SCCA Merchandising Department) is affixed to both sides of each vehicle, and that any commercial advertising is in good taste.

## **ARTICLE 14 INSURANCE**

### **A) Event Insurance Requirement**

All SCCA-sanctioned events must be insured for Event Liability and Participant Accident coverage by the SCCA Event Insurance Plan. Coverage details can be found in the current copy of the SCCA Insurance Handbook or by contacting the SCCA Risk Management Department. The Event Chairman shall not let the rally begin until assured by receipt of an appropriate insurance certificate that the insurance requirements have been met.

### **B) Insurance Application Procedures**

The rules for completion and submission of SCCA Master Plan Event Insurance requests are found in the SCCA Insurance Handbook, and on the reverse of the Insurance Request form. Forms and Handbook are available from the Regional Executive, the Regional Rally Chair, and the Risk Management Department.

### **C) Competitor Insurance Requirement**

Each owner/entrant must have a valid auto insurance policy covering the entered vehicle(s) with liability limits of not less than \$20,000/\$40,000/\$10,000. In states where insurance cards are required, a valid card with acceptable limits must be provided at registration. In states

where such cards are not required, the organizing committee may require policy declarations. In all cases, entrants must warrant that their coverage meets required limits, and that the policy is in force on the date of the event.

D) Incident Reporting

The driver (or owner) of a vehicle participating in an SCCA **RoadRally** which is involved in an incident resulting in personal injury or property damage of any kind must report the incident to the Event Chairman or designated representative before the end of the event or as soon as practical thereafter. The Event Chairman or a designated representative is charged with the submission of the completed SCCA Incident Report and/or Green Card and should file the report within 10 days of the incident with the SCCA Risk Management Department.

## ARTICLE 15 CONDUCT

A) Required Conduct

The conduct of all contestants, rally committee members, and those people assisting the committee shall be sporting at all times during an SCCA **RoadRally** and during pre- and post-event activities directly related to the rally. Unsportsmanlike conduct shall include dangerous driving during the event.

B) Charges

Any individual charged with an offense under this Article shall be fully apprised of the charges and afforded an opportunity to answer them in writing to the **RoadRally** Disciplinary Committee and the RRB.

Disciplinary actions imposed by a rally committee may be appealed to the RRB. All other disciplinary actions will be heard by the **RoadRally** Disciplinary Committee (Article 1 .C.4) and may be appealed to the RRB.

Appeals to the RRB must be submitted within ten days of the initial disciplinary action and must be accompanied by an appeals fee of \$100.

The RRB shall have final authority on disciplinary actions on all SCCA Road Rallies.

C) Discipline

Any individual so charged who, in the judgment of the **RoadRally** Disciplinary Committee or the RRB, is guilty of conduct detrimental to the sport, unsafe conduct, or other reprehensible behavior shall be disciplined by the Disciplinary Committee or by the RRB. Discipline shall take such of the following forms as the Committee or as the Board may deem to be commensurate with the nature and gravity of the offense:

- 1) A private letter of warning shall be written by the Disciplinary Committee or by the RRB to the offending individual setting forth the

breach or breaches of conduct and cautioning the individual that any further act detrimental to the sport will result in more severe disciplinary action.

- 2) A letter of censure shall be issued, with or without notice to the SCCA membership, setting forth the breach or breaches of conduct and censuring the individual for conduct detrimental to the sport. Any further offense of the same or a similar nature shall automatically result in disqualification from further participation in SCCA Road Rallies for a period of one year and in forfeiture of standing in the championship competition for that year.
- 3) Disqualification from the event in question.
- 4) Suspension from the SCCA **RoadRally** programs up to a period of one year.
- 5) The RRB shall recommend to the Board of Directors that the offender be dropped from membership in SCCA for gross misconduct detrimental to the Club.

#### D) Post Event Conduct

Insobriety on the part of the claims committee members, rally officials and the official observer prior to completion of all post-event decisions shall cause these individuals to be subject to the disciplinary procedures as outlined in Section C above.

## ARTICLE 16 CONTROLS

Only sections I), J2), K), L), and M) are applicable to GTA rallies.

#### A) Basic Types of Controls

The basic types of timing controls (checkpoints) are the open control, the passage control, and the do-it-yourself control (DIYC). The location of timing controls may or may not be known to contestants in advance of their reaching them. All other types of timing controls may be used only when specifically requested and sanctioned.

Each rally shall include at least one non-timing observation control as described in Article 16.L.

#### B) Definition of Timing Control

A timing control marks the end of one leg of a rally and the beginning of the next. Alternatively, a committee may specify in the event's GIs that in the case of open controls or passage controls the next leg begins at an out marker or reference marker. Penalties for arriving early or late at timing controls shall under no circumstances be cumulative. That is, timing controls shall be operated so as not to require or permit contestants to compensate, in succeeding legs, for any penalty they may have incurred

through arriving early or late at a previous timing control. Controls are to be entered in ascending numerical order.

C) Open and Passage Control Location

An open or passage control shall be located on the right-hand side of the road as you cross the timing line and shall be positioned so as not to create a traffic hazard. A standard SCCA checkpoint sign at the timing line shall identify it. The checkpoint sign shall be visible prior to crossing the timing line. No open or passage control shall be positioned in or so soon after a congested area, a heavily traveled road, a lengthy no-passing zone, or any other condition likely to delay rally vehicles so as to deny contestants adequate opportunity to recover all time lost as a result of such conditions.

D) Open Control Operation

The Rally GIs shall give complete, detailed information describing open control operation. Each contestant is required to stop at each open control where the time of arrival is recorded.

- 1) One of the following methods may be used to record the in time at an open control:
  - a) Time of arrival will be recorded as the vehicle's front tires cross the timing line.
  - b) The event's' GIs may provide for a contestant to claim his or her time of arrival at an open control. A claimed time of arrival tolerance must be specified in the event's GIs; it must be no greater than .05 minutes or three seconds. If an event uses claimed time of arrival, the contestant must give the claimed time of arrival in writing to control personnel on the scorecard (timing slip, etc.) immediately upon entering the control, and prior to receiving the actual (recorded) time of arrival or official leg time. If the difference between the actual time of arrival and the claimed time of arrival is less than or equal to the specified tolerance, the claimed time of arrival will be used in scoring. Otherwise, or if the contestant does not claim a time of arrival, the actual time of arrival will be used in scoring.
- 2) The official time of departure for each contestant from an open control shall be given as an assigned departure time.
  - a) Assigned departure times will be given by assigning specific departure times (clock times) to all vehicles. Such times shall not be less than two minutes (or four minutes if the previous control was a DIYC) later than the recorded time of arrival. Organizers shall consider the time contestants will need to reach the out-marker in setting this minimum time. Vehicles shall be separated in no case by less than 1 minute.

- b) Control personnel shall not grant extra time to any contestant for his or her own convenience.

E) Passage Control Operation

Passage control timing crews may be located on the left of the route of travel for the sake of safety, but otherwise shall meet the requirements as described in Article 16 C. Time of arrival at a passage control will be recorded as the vehicle's front tires cross the timing line. Contestants should not stop at a Passage Control, but continue until they reach a restart/czt/keytime point. Sufficient time must be provided to a contestant at a restart/czt/keytime point to prepare for the next leg. It will not be acceptable to use "in-time" equals "out time" in any form.

Only one passage control may exist between restart/czt/keytime points.

F) Open and Passage Control Approach

No prohibition shall be established in the GIs against passing within sight of an open or passage control where such passing would not be dangerous or illegal.

A rally committee may make provision for defining creeping into an open or passage control, including a resultant and appropriate penalty.

The creeping penalty shall not be imposed if the contestant is in a free zone, or executing an instructed pause, or making a legitimate investigation of an intersection. If a contestant is judged by control personnel to be creeping, they shall instruct the contestant to enter the control. The method of communicating creeping to the contestants shall be specifically covered in the GIs for that event. Only if the contestant does not immediately accelerate into the control shall the creeping penalty be imposed.

G) Do-it-Yourself Controls (DIYCs)

A rally may have an unlimited number of do-it-yourself controls (DIYC), so long as no two DIYCs are consecutive, and neither the first nor the last timing control of the rally is a DIYC. DIYCs may be instructed only by NRIs. At a DIYC, entrants write their calculated arrival time in the appropriate location on the scorecard, timing slip, etc. The out time is 2.00 minutes after the in time; entrants write this time in the next available "out time" location. There will be a free zone for 1.00 mile following a DIYC. Arrival times and out times must be recorded prior to entering the next open control or be scored as having missed the DIYC.

H) Closing of Open and Passage Controls

After the start or time-of-day restart, the first open or passage control shall close no earlier than 20 minutes, and the second and subsequent open or passage controls no earlier than 30 minutes after the perfect arrival time of

the last vehicle from the start or prior time-of-day restart unless all vehicles are known to have cleared the open or passage control.

#### I) Official Time

All SCCA Road Rallies shall use as official time the time signals broadcast by either Station WWV, operated by the National Bureau of Standards, or Station CHU, operated by the Dominion Observatory in Canada, with the hour adjusted to local time.

#### J) Timing Equipment

- 1) Each open or passage control shall be equipped with at least one accurate timing device.
- 2) There shall be a master watch or a short-wave radio time signal available to all contestants for reference at the start of the day's run.

#### K) Lead Car and Emergency Signs

To ensure that controls are accurately located and that timing equipment is in good order, a lead car shall precede the rally by approximately 30 minutes. The lead car shall also ensure that the course is clear and correct and, if not, to post emergency signs as needed. Emergency signs shall be used only for true emergencies and shall be posted as conspicuously as possible.

A sample emergency sign will be posted at registration. Emergency signs will be as follows:

- 1) An instruction number (letter, etc.): Execute the referenced instruction as near the sign as possible, regardless of whether it is a course-directing action.
- 2) An arrow: Go in the direction of the arrow; do not execute an action that directs a course of travel there.
- 3) The letter "I": Ignore the sign to which the emergency sign is attached.
- 4) The letter "O": You are off-course. Return to the previous intersection and attempt to resolve your error.
- 5) Emergency instructions: Execute them as directed.

#### L) Observation Controls

Each rally shall have at least one special control (referred to as an observation control and identified by a standard SCCA OBS sign) established for the purpose of observing driver behavior, vehicle noise, and safety of vehicle operation. It is the duty of observation control personnel to report illegal, dangerous, or unsporting conduct of any contestant to the rally committee.

## M) Variations

It is not the purpose of this Article to stifle or in any way restrict the ingenuity or the originality of rally organizers in their efforts to develop new and improved rally control techniques. However, control systems differing essentially from those provided in the foregoing sections must be described in the sanction application in sufficient detail to permit their approval.

## ARTICLE 17 OFFICIAL MILEAGES (OMs)

### A) Consistency

OMs shall be as consistent as possible. Only one vehicle equipped with "non-expandable" tires and one distance-measuring device shall be used in measuring the road course. All OMs used in the route instructions and in locating action points, speed-change points and controls shall be measured by a suitably calibrated instrument capable of resolution to 1/100th mile or greater precision (1/1000th mile recommended for NTR events). The event's GI must state the resolution used for the Standard Computation of leg times.

### B) Odometer Calibration Run

Each day's road course shall include, immediately after its start or tire warm-up, an official odometer calibration run for the purpose of allowing each vehicle's odometer to be compared with the official odometer. This distance shall be at least 12 miles and shall contain adequate, official, intermediate mileage reference points (recommended resolution of 1/1000th mile for all events).

There shall be no timing control or change of average speed until completion of the odometer calibration run. If for any reason it is not desirable to assign a single average speed for the entire run, an overall driving time for the run may be prescribed.

The route instructions shall provide sufficient time at the end of the odometer calibration run for contestants to perform necessary calculations. The time may be a pause of at least five minutes, a time-of-day restart, or included in the specified time to reach the end of the odometer calibration run.

### C) Information for Contestants

The rally GIs shall describe the conditions under which the official rally mileage was determined by stating:

- 1) Make of tires used and their cold pressure at the start of the run
- 2) Ambient temperatures
- 3) General weather conditions
- 4) Type of odometer used

- 5) Type of odometer drive (specifically, whether actuated by a driven wheel or a free-running wheel)
- 6) Approximate speed in miles per hour at which this car measured the odometer calibration run. The GI shall describe the method used in taking mileage at intersections and speed changes.

#### D) Mileage

- 1) Whenever a route instruction action which directs a course of travel is explicitly referenced to mileage (or equivalent elapsed time), the correct execution of that action shall not require determination of the mileage to closer than a precision of 0.10 mile in order to correctly execute the action.
- 2) Approximate mileage is the distance from the start of a section to a point along the rally route given to a precision of 0.1 mile.
- 3) Official mileage (OM) is the distance from the start of a section to a point along the rally route given to a precision of 0.01 mile or greater.
- 4) Mileage given in the left margin of a route instruction is considered either official mileage (if given to a precision of two or more decimal places) or approximate mileage (if given to a precision of one decimal place).
- 5) Mileage given in other than the left margin of a route instruction is considered official interval mileage (OIM) unless official mileage (OM) is indicated.
- 6) An official mileage given in the left margin of a route instruction followed by “/0.00” or “/0.000” signifies the rezeroing of official mileage. “/0.00” or “/0.000” by itself also signifies a rezeroing of official mileage (OM) but it is not an official mileage by itself. “0.00” or “0.000” is a location where the official mileage is zero.

#### E) Applicability to NGR events

NGR events may or may not include mileage as an integral part of the event. If mileage is used to direct the contestants, or to create scoring opportunities, the provisions in this section must be adhered to. If mileage is not used in the event, then these provisions do not apply

## **ARTICLE 18 TIMING AND SCORING**

For GTA rallies, substitute scoring opportunity for leg. Sections A), B), C), and D) do not apply.

### **A) Basic Timing Unit**

Times of arrival at all timing controls shall be resolved to the 1/100th of a minute unless the event's GIs specify that timing shall be resolved to the second; the same basic unit shall be used throughout the rally.

### **B) Basic Scoring Unit**

Scoring shall be according to the basic timing unit. The basic penalty for arriving early or late at a control shall be one point per unit.

### **C) Missed Controls**

A contestant physically missing one or more consecutive timing controls shall be scored with the maximum scoring penalty specified in Article 19.A for each leg involved. (This means that the contestant shall also be scored with a maximum penalty on the leg following the missed control, if there is one, unless that leg begins with a time-of-day restart.)

### **D) Standard Computation**

The computation for determining the elapsed time for each leg shall be performed by calculating the times, in minutes, between average speed changes to at least four decimal places (0.0001 minutes). Then add the successive times without rounding off until the total leg time is figured and then the total figure so reached shall be truncated to the second or 1/100th of a minute. In this final truncation, fractional parts of a unit shall be dropped.

If an event uses "car zero times" (czt) or "key times" these times are to be calculated as required above and these times are to be considered definitive times. The computation for determining the official time must be carried forward from a "key time" or "car zero time" using the time exactly as given in the "key/car zero time"(using no fractional parts beyond what is shown in the "key/car zero time").

### **E) Definition of "DNF"**

Vehicles starting the event will be scored for each leg of the event. No vehicle which starts the rally may be scored as a "DNF" unless specifically otherwise called for by the RRRs.

### **F) Discard of Leg**

1) Administrative Discard - The decision to discard a leg of a rally shall be the exclusive responsibility of the rally chairman any time prior to consideration of a claim by the claims committee, and his reasons for

doing so shall be stated to the Official Observer before announcing his decision to the contestants. The decision to discard a leg by the rally chairman must be posted (with leg number, reason, and time posted) and announced within one hour of the arrival time of the last vehicle at the final control of the rally. The rally chairman's decision to discard a leg is not subject to claims by contestants.

- 2) Claims Committee Discard - The claims committee is authorized to discard a leg, upon its approval of a claim, when such action is warranted.

#### G) Discard of a Leg from Scoring

When a leg is discarded from scoring, any penalties incurred on that leg, except disqualification of a contestant, are also to be dropped from scoring.

#### H) Determining the Winner

At the completion of the event, the penalties for each crew for each leg shall be computed according to the provisions of the event's GIs and these RRRs. After any adjustments to the scoring and after any legs have been discarded, the sum of the penalties for each crew shall be determined. The crew with the lowest score shall be declared the winner.

#### I) Posting of Scores

Official results will be posted at a place clearly designated by the rally committee within three hours of the arrival time of the last vehicle at the final control. To be official, results must include leg-by-leg scores. Contestants shall have 30 minutes to submit score review requests after posting of scores, and prior to announcement of results or presentation of awards.

Following the 30 minute time period for posting of scores the results shall be declared final and no changes may be made by the Committee for any reason.

#### J) Tie-Breaking

The event GIs shall specify the procedure (if any) for breaking ties for trophy awards. The GIs procedure will not affect the procedure established for awarding Championship and lifetime points in cases of ties. It is recommended that the procedure in the RFOs be used for tie breaking.

#### K) Official Results

Final official results will be mailed to each contestant of each competing vehicle and the Rally Department (see Article 8.E). If a contestant had elected to receive GIs via e-mail in lieu of First Class Mail, official results may be e-mailed to that contestant as well, in lieu of First Class mail.

## **ARTICLE 19 PENALTIES**

### **A) Basic Scoring Penalties**

The maximum scoring penalty for early or late arrival at a control shall not exceed two (2) minutes (NTR and NCR only).

### **B) Other Penalties**

Penalties for other reasons may be imposed at the discretion of the rally committee. For NTR and NCR only they shall not exceed the equivalent of one minute of the basic timing and scoring units unless Article 19.C.2 applies or unless written permission for the exception has been granted. A detailed schedule of all penalties shall be clearly outlined in the GIs or official addenda issued to all contestants prior to the event.

The creeping penalty, when imposed, shall be added to the timing penalty for the leg, to a total not to exceed the maximum scoring penalty (see Article 19.A).

### **C) Disqualification**

- 1) If a contestant is judged by the rally committee to be guilty, or cited or given written warning by a law enforcement agency, of any of the following offenses, that crew shall automatically be disqualified:
  - a) Driving while intoxicated
  - b) Consuming alcoholic beverages while participating
  - c) Exceeding the legal speed limit
  - d) Dangerous or reckless driving
  - e) Violation of the class limitations specified in Article 11
- 2) If a contestant is judged by the rally committee to be guilty or cited or given written warning by a law enforcement agency, of any of the following offenses, that crew shall be disqualified or otherwise penalized:
  - a) In-motion traffic violations other than those described above
  - b) Being at fault in an accident
  - c) Detrimental/unsportsmanlike conduct

## **ARTICLE 20 CLAIMS**

For GTA rallies substitute scoring opportunity for leg.

### **A) Claims Committee**

Three contestants (each of whom shall have competed in at least five previous events similar in nature to the event being claimed) and two members of the rally committee (other than the Rallymaster and Rally

Chairman) shall be selected prior to the start of the event. Appointments are subject to approval by the RRB liaison for that event. If practical, each competition class should be represented. The Rallymaster or a designated representative shall serve as a non-voting member of the committee, and the Official Observer shall serve as the non-voting Chair.

This committee will act upon all claims submitted in conformance with this Article. Provision shall be made for alternate contestant appointments in case of personal involvement or unavailability.

#### B) Scoring Adjustments

No changes other than mathematical corrections shall be made in individual scores in the absence of an approved official claim or TA request as provided for in these RRRs and/or an event's GIs.

For NTR and NCR only, mathematical corrections are limited to changes that yield a correct score based on officially recorded arrival and departure times and the official leg time used to score all contestants.

#### C) Claim Fee

A cash fee of \$25 shall accompany each claim. The claims committee shall return this fee if, and only if, the claim is granted. Should a subsequent claim consideration by the SCCA RRB result in an award for the contestant, any fee shall be returned to the contestant.

All fees forfeited as a result of denied claims shall be forwarded to the Rally Department by the official observer.

#### D) Submission of Claims

Each claim must be submitted in writing (form available from the Official Observer) with the required fee, within one hour of the arrival of the contestant at the final control of the day. One copy of the form shall be posted in a prominent location available to all contestants, within five minutes after receipt of the claim. Claims shall cover two points:

- 1) The matter in dispute shall be described in detail, citing the alleged violation of the event GIs, and supplement to those instructions, and/or the RRRs.
- 2) The claim must clearly show how the matter under dispute was the **direct** cause of a penalty to the claimant. Substantiating details may be given, but shall not be required.

The claims committee may request additional information from the claimant and/or other event participants. The claimant may provide an oral supplement to the claim, not to exceed five minutes, and shall notify the claims committee of intent to do so via the written claim form. If an oral supplement is requested, it must be heard.

## E) Resolution of Claims

In the resolution of claims, the claims committee shall consider the evidence presented, the SCCA RRRs and/or the event's GIs with supplements in addition to its rights as stated in Section E above. If there is no decision on a claim after 15 minutes of deliberation, the official observer shall call for a vote on the claim. An abstaining vote shall be considered as a vote in favor of the claim.

Every properly submitted claim shall be denied, allowed, or forwarded to the RRB for final decision.

The claims committee may allow or deny a claim. If the claim is allowed, the committee may take one of the following actions consistent with RFO requirements of Chapter 24,C,6 and appendices D & E:

- 1) Adjust the leg score (not the leg time) for the contestant only. This includes allowing a TA (if filed with the claim) with no penalty.
- 2) Adjust the official leg time for all contestants.
- 3) Average all of the claimants' non-max leg scores.
- 4) Discard the leg from scoring.

In denying a claim the committee must, in its judgment, effectively refute at least one of the two points required by Section E.

## F) Bad Faith Claims

If it is found to the satisfaction of the rally committee that the author of a claim has acted in bad faith or in a vexatious manner, he may also be deemed guilty of a breach of the RRRs and may be penalized in accordance with Article 19.C.

## G) Referrals to the RRB

In cases where the claims committee cannot make a determination, or they cannot refute at least one of the two points required in Article 20.E, they shall either allow the claim or refer it to the RRB for a decision.

The Official Observer shall forward such claims to the Rally Department, in writing, within four calendar days following the event. A summary of the discussions and points of issue shall be included. The RRB shall issue a decision within two weeks.

Event results will not be made official until this decision is issued, and the organizers shall have one week beyond that date to comply with the requirements for providing official results to the participants and the Rally Department.

Decisions of the claims committee are final and are not subject to counter claim by contestants or organizers. Participants may contact a RRB member with questions concerning the decisions by the claims committee. While it is

highly unlikely that the event results will be amended, clarifications of rules, technical bulletins, or rule changes may be issued.

## **ARTICLE 21 TIME ALLOWANCES**

### **A) Provisions for Time Allowances (TAs)**

TAs are required on all SCCA Road Rallies. No penalty may be assessed for their use. No sanction exception will be granted to disallow their use, or to allow any penalty for their use. TA's are automatically allowed.

### **B) Time Allowance Requests**

- 1) (NTR and NCR only) TA requests, except as provided in Paragraph C below, must be in increments of one minute beginning with one-half minute (i.e., ½, 1½, 2½, etc.) up to a maximum of 19½ minutes per defined portion of the event. There shall be a minimum of two defined portions per National **RoadRally**. The identification of the portions where the limit for TAs apply, as well as where a TA may end, shall be clearly defined in the event's GIs. The TA request must be submitted in writing at (1) the first timing control, excluding DIYCs, or (2) in the case of Passage Controls, at an appropriate location determined by the committee, immediately following the delay, prior to receipt of any timing information for the leg/legs (contestants or official).
- 2) (NGR only) The TA time and procedure shall be clearly stated in the event's GIs. For many GTA events, this may simply be an acknowledgement that the event can be easily concluded at least 30 minutes before the required time, and such extra time is considered sufficient time allowance for any unforeseen delays.

### **C) Delays at Controls (NTR and NCR only)**

Delays, caused by circumstances beyond the competitors' control, which occur within sight of a control, shall be deemed witnessed by the control crew. The event's GIs must define how contestants will know that Passage Control crews have witnessed their delay at a Passage Control. To avoid unsafe conditions at or near the timing line, such TAs may be taken for the exact amount of the delay and the rally team shall cross the timing line without "creeping". The TA request shall be submitted per B above.

## **ARTICLE 22 ROUTE FOLLOWING PRIORITIES AND PRINCIPAL ROAD RULE (NTR Only)**

### **A) Route Following Priorities**

This Route-Following Priority List is the mechanism for following the rally route at each intersection:

- 1) Execute an emergency instruction or follow an emergency sign

- 2) Execute a route-following action referenced to an OM
- 3) Execute a route-following action
- 4) Follow the principal road

**B) Principal Road Rule**

The principal road rule is the mechanism for following the course in the absence of an opportunity to execute a route-following action in accordance with these RRRs. The principal road rule consists of the 'Principal Road' described in Section C below.

**C) Principal Road**

The principal road is the obvious continuation through an intersection of the road upon which you are traveling. At some intersections this principal road may be determined by pavement surface continuity, a curve warning sign, the center line on the pavement, the placement of a stop sign or a yield sign, the continuation of multiple lanes in your direction of travel (such as when you are upon a limited access highway), straight as possible, etc.

The principal road will always be obvious, and should cause no confusion. If you are to leave the principal road, or if there might be any doubt about which way you are to go, you will be given a route-following action.

There are intersections at which there is no principal road, such as Ts. At such an intersection, the rally route will be determined by a route-following action.

**D) Off-Course Stoppers**

The primary objective in establishing the NTR is to provide a series of events with extremely simple route following. It is the intent of the organizers to keep the contestants on course at all times.

The maximum distance between route instructions without official mileage shall be five (5) miles. A callback mileage (the maximum distance to the next timing control) may be given for each leg of the rally. Contestants can consider themselves off the intended route if they exceed either of these distances.

Contestants can also consider themselves off the intended route if they encounter an intersection (such as a T) where there is no principal road and where no route-following action applies.

**ARTICLE 23 CONVENTIONS (NTR Only)**

The following conventions are recognized as universal enough to be used without mention in the GIs. If the committee wishes to eliminate or change any of these, it must do so by covering the subject in the event's GIs and must clearly and specifically identify the resulting elimination or change in the GIs.

## A) Route Instructions

### 1) Types of Instructions

- a) These RRRs describe the only type of route instruction used on an NTR, the Numbered Route Instruction (NRI).
- b) NRIs will be listed in ascending numerical order, and they are to be completed in that numerical order except that the specified distance or time of a tire warm-up, odometer calibration run, free zone or transit zone may overlap subsequent NRIs without mention.
- c) An NRI may consist of multiple route instructions, each of which will contain one or more actions within itself.

### 2) Instruction Execution

- a) An NRI is to be completed at the first opportunity to do so consistent with the event's GIs and these RRRs.
- b) Each NRI is to be completed in full prior to consideration of the next listed NRI except that the specified distance or time of a tire warm-up, odometer calibration run, free zone or transit zone may overlap subsequent NRIs without mention.
- c) If an NRI consists of multiple route instructions, each route instruction is to be completed in the order given, at the first opportunity.

### 3) Actions

- a) A route instruction will require one or more actions to be performed by the contestant. Such actions may or may not be route following actions.
- b) Actions required by a route instruction include observation of signs and landmarks; speed changes; gains; pauses; initiation of tire warm-up, odometer calibration run, free zone, and section; and any of the many instructions used for explicitly defining the course or otherwise instructing the contestant.

### 4) Route-following Actions

- a) A route-following action is that part of a route instruction whose execution results in following a course through an intersection.
- b) The actions left, bear left, acute left, right, bear right, acute right, turn, straight, and tulip diagram are the only route-following actions that will be used.
- c) Route-following actions may or may not result in following a course other than the principal road. At an intersection at which you are to leave the principal road, or at which there might be any

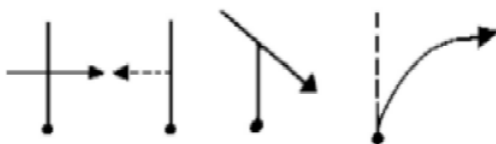
ambiguity as to which road is the principal road, or at which there is no principal road, you will be given a route-following action.

- d) If there might be any ambiguity as to where a route-following action is to be executed, that route-following action will be referenced to an OM.
- e) If a route instruction requiring a route-following action is referenced to an OM in the left margin, that route-following action must be executed at that mileage. For example:

26.47 23. Bear left after church. CAST 40.

- f) Some actions in route instructions are not intended in any way to direct the rally route. Such actions are not route-following actions and shall be executed when their minimum conditions are met, without regard to the rules or priorities for following the route as set forth by these RRRs and the event's GIs. These types of actions include, but are not limited to, those that:
  - 1) Involve timing only, such as a speed change, pause, or gain
  - 2) Begin or end a transit zone, free zone, tire warm-up, odometer calibration run
  - 3) Confirm the presence of a landmark
  - 4) Establish course conditions, such as road surface, existence of a sign or landmark, etc.
  - 5) Describe other miscellaneous actions, such as zeroing the odometer, cautions, hand in scorecard, etc.
- g) A U-turn is never required without specifically stating such in a route instruction or in written official information given to contestants at an open control.
- h) A tulip diagram is a route-following action that directs the course through an intersection by the use of a diagram of the roads at the intersection. The contestant enters the intersection on the road designated by a dot at the bottom of the diagram, and leaves the intersection on the road designated by an arrow. Additional information, such as official mileage, road names, a quoted sign at the intersection, etc., may be included in the route instruction. A tulip diagram may use solid lines to represent paved or major roads and dashed lines to represent unpaved or minor roads, but will not necessarily do so.

The following are examples of tulip diagrams:



- 5) Initiation, Execution, and Completion
  - a) A route instruction to be executed over a specified distance or time is not considered complete until that distance has been traversed or that time elapsed.
  - b) The initiation point for each route instruction must occur at a greater distance along the rally route than the completion point of the immediately preceding route instruction.
- 6) Instruction Content
  - a) The use of a route instruction that is deliberately flawed or illegal within the framework of these RRRs or the event's GIs is prohibited. Such an instruction is one whose minimum condition for completion can never be met under any circumstances.
  - b) Any term used in the text of a route instruction (except when quoted from a sign) shall be used in its normal English usage, unless it is defined in the glossary, in which case it is used only in the sense defined except as noted in Section 6.c below.
  - c) Terms that would otherwise be route following actions, when used in different context such as "on your right", "the principal road bears left", "turn in your score card", etc., and which cannot be construed to be route-following actions, should be accepted as contextually presented and used accordingly.
  - d) All spelling will be exact. That is, spelling in a route instruction will be an exact representation of that which is being referenced.
  - e) Information in a route instruction in parentheses shall be considered as helpful or informative but not essential for the completion of the instruction
  - f) Information given between route instructions, and enclosed within asterisks, shall be considered as information confirming that the contestant is on the proper course. Examples:

\*Heading north on US 41 in Milltown\*

\*You have turned left on Botts Rd toward Glenview\*

## B) Roads

- 1) Only public roads will be used. Unless otherwise directed, both paved and unpaved may be considered. Roads marked Private, Keep Out, No Outlet, Dead End, Road Closed, No Thru Traffic, Road Ends Ahead, Bridge Out Ahead, etc., do not exist. Roads that are visibly barricaded or otherwise impassable do not exist. Cul-de-sacs and roads that visibly dead-end do not exist. Roads having illegal entry or roads requiring an illegal turn do not exist.

- 2) Any road that clearly ends in a garage, plant entrance, parking lot, etc., does not exist.
- 3) A divided road is a road whose opposing lanes of traffic are separated by a divider, median, or neutral ground. Where a divided road, whether referenced as such or not, intersects another road, the resulting configuration is considered as one intersection.
- 4) Road identification will be as intended by the erecting agency, and will always be obvious.

#### C) Signs

- 1) Words, numbers, letters, or symbols enclosed within quotation marks will refer to the text of a sign.
- 2) Signs painted on or attached to wheeled vehicles will not be used. Signs painted on the road surface will not be used.
- 3) Referenced signs may or may not apply to the road you are on; but the competitor will never have to look backwards to read a sign. For rules governing use of signs used for speed changes, pauses, or gains see Section E.4 below.
- 4) Signs may be referenced in full or in part. Type style, capitalization, punctuation (including hyphens and apostrophes), spacing, and case are considered irrelevant. Parts of words or parts of numbers will not be referenced.
- 5) Where a route instruction references any sign in less than its entirety, such reference shall include a prominent portion of the sign and shall not omit any words, numbers, or letters, which fall between the first and last of the referenced material.
- 6) A drawing of a sign in a route instruction shall be a reasonable representation of the actual sign.
- 7) Names or numbers on mailboxes, utility pole numbers, and other signs of similar character (frequently recurring and difficult to read) will not be used.
- 8) Multiple signs on a common support are considered to be the same sign only when together they convey a single message. For example, separate signs on a single support reading "Junction", "East", and "US 40" could be quoted as "Junction East US 40".

#### D) Landmarks

- 1) Any landmark referenced in a route instruction must be identified by a sign, referenced to an OM, or defined in the glossary.
- 2) Any term in the glossary used to define a landmark shall be used only in the sense defined.

- 3) A sign used to identify a landmark may or may not be attached to the landmark, but the identification will be obvious.
- 4) Landmarks may be referred to in the plural form or by ordinal modifiers, such as first, second, third, etc. without such identification on the sign or within the definition.

#### E) Average Speeds

- 1) All average speeds will give due consideration to road and driving conditions at the time the event is to be in progress. Contestants shall not be required to exceed legal speed limits to arrive at a control on time.
- 2) A specified speed (CAST) or other assignment of average speed for an unspecified time or distance is complete at the point of execution and that speed is effective until the next change of average speed (CAST).
- 3) All speeds shall be in miles per hour (mph).
- 4) All average speed changes must occur at a specific sign, landmark or at an official mileage. Official highway signs used for speed changes, pauses and gains shall apply to the competitors' route of travel. Speed changes referenced to a sign or landmark are to be executed at the near edge of the referenced sign or landmark. The apex of an intersection is not an allowable landmark for this purpose. The following are examples of instructions that cannot be used, unless referenced to an official mileage:
  - 1) Left and CAST 30.
  - 2) Left. CAST 30.
- 5) In the event of inclement weather, poor road conditions, extraordinary traffic, etc., one of two emergency procedures may be invoked in writing by open control personnel confirming the receipt of such instructions by obtaining the initials of one crew member. Either emergency procedure remains in effect through subsequent legs until canceled by open control personnel as outlined above. The two emergency procedures are as follows:
  - a) Emergency Speeds: Emergency speeds increase the elapsed time of each leg by 20%.
  - b) Emergency Suspension of On-time Requirement: run at your own safe pace, measure the course, and claim your calculated time of arrival at each open control.

## **ARTICLE 24 ROUTE FOLLOWING PRIORITIES AND MAIN ROAD RULE (NCR Only)**

### **A) Route Following Priorities**

The mechanism for following the rally route at each intersection must be included in an event's GIs. The following sample Route-Following Priority List is presented to illustrate the basic structure that must be presented in the GIs:

- 1) Execute an emergency instruction.
- 2) Execute a specified action referenced to an official mileage if it occurs at that mileage.
- 3) Execute a course-directing action.
- 4) Follow the main road.

Innovation in route following priority is encouraged but it is strongly suggested that each event's GIs contain a Route-Following Priority List.

### **B) Main Road Rule**

Each SCCA Course Rally shall have, as an integral part of its GIs, a mechanism for following the course in the absence of an opportunity to execute a specified action in accordance with these RRRs and an event's rules for executing specified actions. This mechanism is a main road rule consisting of one or more Main Road Determinants (MRD). A main road must exist through every intersection.

### **C) Approved Main Road Determinants**

The Main Road Determinants (MRD) listed below are approved for SCCA Course Rallies. It shall be considered sufficient to list in an event's GIs one or more of the following approved MRD by their title only. In order for an MRD to apply at an intersection, it must uniquely define a single course leaving the intersection other than the one upon which the contestant approached the intersection.

When more than one MRD is used, they must be listed in order of priority, and at an intersection the applicable determinant of highest priority determines the Main Road. Contestants and organizers are urged to study the definitions carefully. A rally committee wishing to use these determinants but with a different meaning or to use determinants of its own composition must note this as an exception in the sanction application and include the proposed determinants and definitions.

The GIs for an event may allow for the activation and deactivation of main road determinants during the event. In these cases, the contestant is not responsible for any of the requirements of that main road determinant prior to its activation.

**Onto** - the main road, as determined by this determinant, is the road that the execution of a specified action of a route instruction has directed the contestant to travel upon by use of (1) the term onto and (2) the designation (name, number, or letter(s)) of the road. The designated road is the main road at each intersection where this MRD is applicable until a course-directing action (requiring the contestant to leave the main road) is executed.

**Curve Arrows** - the main road, as determined by this determinant, is the road leaving an intersection as determined by official highway black on yellow, single-headed curve arrow sign(s) or official highway black on yellow, single-headed directional arrow sign(s). These signs are to be used with the same intent as that of the erecting agency.

**Protection** - the main road, as determined by this determinant, is that single road leaving the intersection and having no stop sign or yield sign at that intersection. Contestants are required to recognize (possibly from the backside) the stop signs and/or yield signs.

**Straight as Possible** - the main road, as determined by this determinant, is the road that appears to go as directly ahead as possible through an intersection. This MRD can apply at a slant T or an unequal Y. The determination of which road is nearly directly ahead is made at the intersection in question; roads are judged upon their merits as you enter the intersection, not upon how they look as you approach the intersection.

**Left at T** - the main road, as determined by this determinant, is the road that goes to the left at a T, where T is as defined in the glossary.

**Right at T** - the main road, as determined by this determinant, is the road that goes to the right at a T, where T is as defined in the glossary.

**Left at Y** - the main road, as determined by this determinant, is the road that goes to the left at a Y, where Y is as defined in the glossary.

**Right at Y** - the main road, as determined by this determinant, is the road that goes to the right at a Y, where Y is as defined in the glossary.

## **ARTICLE 25 CONVENTIONS (NCR Only)**

The following conventions are recognized as universal enough to be used without mention in the GIs. If the committee wishes to eliminate or change any of these, it must do so by covering the subject in the event's GIs and must clearly and specifically identify the resulting elimination or change in the GIs.

### **A) Route Instructions**

#### **1) Types of Instructions**

- a) These RRRs describe primarily NRIs. The use of other types of route instructions (lettered, note, special, etc.) must be described in the event's GIs. However, all conventions of this Article,

Section A apply to these other types of route instructions, with the exception of Sections A.1.b, A.2.b, A.5.f, and A.6.a.

- b) NRIs will be listed in ascending numerical order and they are to be completed in that numerical order, except as modified by Section A.6.a (overlap) of this Article.
- c) An NRI (lettered, etc.) may consist of multiple route instructions, each of which will contain one or more actions within itself.

## 2) Instruction Execution

- a) An NRI (lettered, etc.) is to be completed at the first opportunity to do so consistent with the event's GIs and these RRRs.
- b) Each NRI to be initiated prior to consideration of the next listed NRI and completed in full prior to consideration of the next listed NRI, except in the specified cases of overlap as noted in Section A.6.a of this Article.
- c) If an NRI (lettered, etc.) consists of multiple route instructions, each route instruction is to be completed in the order given, at the first opportunity.

## 3) Actions

- a) A route instruction will require one or more actions to be performed by the contestant. Such actions may be specified or implied, and they may or may not direct a course of travel.
- b) Actions required by a route instruction include observation of signs and landmarks; speed changes; gains; pauses; initiation of tire warm-up, odometer calibration run, free zone, and section; and any of the many instructions used for explicitly defining the course or otherwise instructing the contestant.
- c) A specified action requires an active commitment by the contestant such as occurs with turn, right, CAST, begin free zone, etc.
- d) An implied action involves attaining, reaching, or observing the reference point or navigational aid set forth in a route instruction.
- e) If a route instruction requiring a single action (specified or implied) is accompanied by an official mileage that instruction must be executed at that mileage, if its conditions are met, even though it may not result in the contestant leaving the main road. The following are examples of route instructions requiring a single action:

Left.  
CAST 45.  
"Stop ahead".  
Crossroad.

- f) If a route instruction requiring multiple actions (specified or implied) is accompanied by an OM in the left margin, that OM references the execution point of the first specified action. The following are examples of route instructions requiring multiple actions:

Left after "Stop ahead".

(Two actions—one specified and one implied)

Right at fourth opportunity.

(Five actions—one specified and four implied)

Pause 1 minute at third yield.

(Four actions—one specified and three implied)

- g) If an NRI (lettered, etc.) consists of multiple route instructions and is accompanied by an OM in the left margin, that OM references the first route instruction in sequence, subject to the limitations of Sections A.3.e and A.3.f of this Article. The following are examples of NRIs (lettered, etc.) consisting of multiple route instructions:

33. Left. Right at 3rd opportunity. CAST 40.

34. Sideroad. Left.

35. Straight after "Stop ahead". Pause 1 minute.

- h) The following example is given for clarification:

26.47 23. Left after church. CAST 40. Right at second opportunity.

This NRI consists of three route instructions. The first route instruction has a specified action (left) and an implied action (observing a church). The second route instruction has a single specified action (CAST) to be executed immediately after the completion point of the first route instruction. The third route instruction consists of a specified action (right) and two implied actions (observing both opportunities where the specified action, right, could be executed). The official mileage (26.47) refers to the left.

#### 4) Course-directing Actions

- a) A course-directing action is that part of a route instruction whose execution results in following a course other than the main road.
- b) Except as modified by Section 4.d of this Article, the specified actions of left, right, turn, and straight (or actions defined in terms thereof) are course-directing actions and must be executed so as to result in following a course other than the main road.
- c) If a rally committee wishes to use any terms other than left, right, turn, and straight (or actions defined in terms thereof) as course-directing actions, these terms must be specifically defined or specified as such in the event's GIs. If terms such as: North,

South, East, West, Go, Leave, Proceed, Jog, Follow, Pickup, etc., are defined or specified as course-directing actions, they shall be used only in that sense except as modified by Section 4.d of this Article.

- d) If the execution of any of the actions identified in Section 4.b or 4.c above or any other actions defined or specified as course-directing actions (in accordance with Section 4.c above) is required at a specified official mileage, such an action must be executed at that official mileage in accordance with the action's definition, whether or not such execution results in following a course other than the main road. It will be the contestants' responsibility to determine whether such execution qualifies as a course-directing action. If, however, such action is required at a specified official mileage where there exists a single, unique course other than the main road, such action must be executed consistent with its definition so as to travel upon that single, unique course. For example, Turn at a T or Turn at a Crossroad, where the main road goes right, can be executed by a turn to the left.
- e) A course-directing action is applicable only where it directs a unique course of travel as prescribed within the framework of the event's GIs and these RRRs.
- f) Some actions in route instructions are not intended in any way to direct a course of travel. Such actions are not course-directing actions and shall be executed when their minimum conditions are met, without regard to the rules or priorities for following the course as set forth by the event's GIs. These types of actions include, but are not limited to, those that:
  - 1) Involve timing only, such as a speed change, pause, or gain.
  - 2) Begin or end a transit zone, free zone, tire warmup, odometer calibration run.
  - 3) Confirm the presence of a sign or landmark.
  - 4) Establish course conditions, such as road surface, non-existence of a sign or landmark, etc.
  - 5) Describe other miscellaneous actions, such as zeroing the odometer, cautions, hand in scorecard, etc.
- g) A U-turn is never required without specifically stating such in a route instruction or in written official information given to contestants at an open control. A U-turn is not considered to be a course-directing action and may or may not be executed at an intersection.

- 5) Initiation, Execution, and Completion
- a) The execution of each action in a route instruction is considered an execution of the instruction.
  - b) A route instruction consisting solely of reference to a specified navigational aid (i.e., sign or landmark) is initiated, executed, and completed at a single point by observing the presence of the specified navigational aid when the contestant comes abreast of it or even with it.
  - c) A route instruction consisting solely of a specified action is initiated, executed, and completed at a single point.
  - d) A route instruction which requires more than one action is initiated at the first action performed (specified or implied). Such route instruction is completed at the last action performed, unless the route instruction requires a specified action before or prior to a navigational aid, in which case, the navigational aid must be observed and the specified action executed before the route instruction can be considered completed.
  - e) A route instruction to be executed over a specified distance or time is not considered complete until that distance has been traversed or that time elapsed.
  - f) The initiation point for an NRI must occur at a greater distance along the rally route than the completion point of the immediately preceding NRI, unless the route instruction specifically directs otherwise (for example, after previous instruction, until next instruction, etc.), or in cases of overlap as specified in Article A.6.a.
  - g) If an NRI (lettered, etc.) consists of multiple route instructions, the initiation point for each route instruction in sequence must occur at a greater distance along the rally route than the completion point of the immediately preceding route instruction.
- 6) Overlap
- a) Overlap is the initiation of a route instruction prior to or concurrently with the completion of a previously initiated route instruction. There will be no overlap of the completion point of an NRI and the initiation point of the immediately following NRI, with the following exceptions:
    - 1) The specified distance or time of a tire warm-up, odometer calibration run, or transit zone may overlap subsequent NRIs without mention.
    - 2) An NRI specifying a condition or action that is to apply until a subsequent (and explicitly stated) NRI may overlap subsequent NRIs until the first action of that NRI.

- 3) An NRI may overlap subsequent NRIs if such overlap is explicitly stated as such by using the phrase “may overlap” within the NRI, in which case that NRI may overlap from its initiation point.
  - b) If an NRI (lettered, etc.) consists of multiple route instructions, there shall be no overlap of the completion point of one route instruction with the initiation point of the next route instruction in the order given.
- 7) Instruction Content
- a) The use of route instructions which are deliberately flawed or illegal within the framework of these RRRs or the events GIs is prohibited. Such instructions are those that the minimum condition for completion can never be met under any circumstances.
  - b) Any term used in the text of a route instruction (except when quoted from a sign) shall be used in its normal English usage, unless it is defined in the glossary, in which case it is used only in the sense defined except as noted in Section A.7.c below.
  - c) Terms which would otherwise be used as course-directing actions or to direct a course of travel, when used in different context such as “on your right”, “the main road goes left”, “turn in your score card”, etc., and which cannot be construed to direct a course of travel, should be accepted as contextually presented and used accordingly.
  - d) All spelling will be exact. That is, spelling in a route instruction will be an exact representation of that which is being referenced.
  - e) Information given in a route instruction in parentheses shall be considered as helpful or informative but not essential for the completion of the instruction.

## B) Roads

- 1) Only public roads will be used. Unless otherwise directed, both paved and unpaved may be considered. Roads marked “Private”, “Keep Out”, “No Outlet”, “Dead End”, “Road Closed”, “No Thru Traffic”, etc., do not exist. Roads that are visibly barricaded or otherwise impassable do not exist. Cul-de-sacs and roads that visibly dead-end do not exist. Roads having illegal entry or roads requiring an illegal turn do not exist.
- 2) Any road that clearly ends in a garage, plant entrance, parking lot, etc. does not exist.
- 3) The event’s GIs should provide a road identification section describing how route identification signs are applied to the course and what relevance prefixes, suffixes, and official designations (such as U.S.,

County, etc.) have to both the ONTO determinant and references to roads by route instructions.

- 4) A divided road is a road whose opposing lanes of traffic are separated by a divider, median, or neutral ground. Where a divided road, whether referenced as such or not, intersects another road, the resulting configuration is considered as one intersection.

### C) Signs

- 1) Words, numbers, letters, or symbols enclosed within quotation marks will refer to the text of a sign.
- 2) Signs painted on or attached to vehicles will not be used. Signs painted on the road surface will not be used.
- 3) Referenced signs may or may not apply to the road you are on; however, the contestant will never have to look backwards to read a sign.
- 4) Signs may be referenced in full or in part. Type style, capitalization, punctuation (including hyphens and apostrophes), exact spacing, and case are considered irrelevant; however, the presence or absence of spacing is relevant. (For example, instructions referencing 'Bull Frog Rd'; 'bull-frog rd.'; 'BULL FROG RD' all reference the same sign. Instructions referencing 'Bull frog Rd,' 'Bullfrog Rd,' and 'Bull frog Road' all reference different signs.) Parts of words, parts of numbers, etc., will not be referenced.
- 5) Where a route instruction references any sign in less than its entirety, such reference shall include a prominent portion of the sign and shall not omit any words, numbers, or letters, which fall between the first and last of the referenced material.
- 6) A drawing of a sign in a route instruction shall be a reasonable representation of the actual sign.
- 7) Names or numbers on mailboxes, utility pole numbers, and other signs of similar character (frequently recurring and difficult to read) will not be used, unless such a sign is accompanied by a mileage reference.
- 8) Unless the event's GIs state otherwise, all signs on a common support(s) are considered to be the same sign. However, stop signs and yield signs are still considered to be octagonal and triangular, respectively, even when other signs are on the same support(s).

### D) Landmarks

- 1) Any landmark referenced in a route instruction must be identified by a sign, referenced to an OM, or defined in the glossary.
- 2) Any term in the glossary used to define a landmark shall be used only in the sense defined.

- 3) A sign used to identify a landmark may or may not be attached to the landmark, but the identification will be obvious.
- 4) Landmarks may be referred to in the plural form or by ordinal modifiers, such as first, second, third, etc., without such identification on the sign or within the definition.

#### E) Average Speeds

- 1) All average speeds will give due consideration to road and driving conditions at the time the event is to be in progress. Contestants shall not be required to exceed legal speed limits to arrive at a control on time.
- 2) Unless stated otherwise in an event's GIs, a specified speed (CAST) or other assignment of average speed for an unspecified time or distance is complete at the point of execution and that speed is effective until the next change of average speed.
- 3) Unless noted otherwise, all speeds shall be in miles per hour.
- 4) A speed change referenced to a sign or landmark is to be executed at the near edge of the referenced sign or landmark. A speed change at an intersection is executed at the apex of the intersection unless another reference at that intersection is specified.
- 5) When given an average speed for a specified or implied distance or time, upon completion of that distance or time, the contestant should revert to the previous speed—even if that previous speed was also given for a specified or implied distance or time—unless a new speed is assigned.
- 6) In the event of inclement weather, poor road conditions, extraordinary traffic, etc., one of two emergency procedures may be invoked in writing by open control personnel confirming the receipt of such instructions by obtaining the initials of one crew member. Either emergency procedure remains in effect through subsequent legs until canceled by open control personnel as outlined above. The two emergency procedures are as follows:
  - a) Emergency Speeds: Emergency speeds increase the elapsed time of each leg by 20%. However, route following or time exercises based on timing will be in reference to non-emergency conditions.
  - b) Emergency Suspension of On-time Requirement: Run at your own safe pace, measure the course, and claim your calculated time of arrival at each open control.

## ARTICLE 26 CONVENTIONS (NGR only)

The following conventions are recognized as universal enough to be used without mention in the GIs.

### A) Knowledge

Neither local knowledge nor knowledge of trivia minutia will be necessary to properly execute a scoring opportunity.

### B) Random Scoring Opportunity

A scoring opportunity shall not be the result of a random situation or luck. (e.g., Poker Run)

## ARTICLE 27 GLOSSARY

This glossary provides definitions of a number of commonly used terms. Terms defined in this glossary become official for SCCA *RoadRally* events unless the glossary of the event's GIs define a term differently, in which case the definition in the event's GIs replaces the definition found in this glossary. Terms defined in this glossary plus the terms defined in the glossary of the event's GIs make up "the glossary" for the rally. Terms presented in the text of these RRRs, completely italicized, are to be interpreted as defined in this glossary.

Terms included in this glossary, but intended to be used in any individual SCCA *RoadRally* with meanings different from those in this glossary, must be defined in the individual GIs as required by Articles 23 (NTR), 25 (NCR), and 26 (NGR). It is anticipated that from time to time additional terms will be added to this glossary. Suggestions for the inclusion of additional terms may be submitted to the RRB.

**Acute** – (NTR Only) Turn in the indicated direction from 100° to 179°.

**At** - "In the vicinity of" for actions that direct a course of travel; "even with" for other actions, including speed changes, mileage, pauses, etc.

**Bear** – (NTR only) Turn in the indicated direction from 10° to 80°.

**Before** - In sight of and prior to the referenced navigational aid.

**Blinker** - A warning signal at an intersection or rail road crossing which the contestant is obliged to obey. The blinker consists of a light or lights, usually red or yellow, operating in a fixed sequence of on and off. For rally purposes, only one blinker may exist at an intersection or rail road crossing. The blinker may or may not be operating.

**CAST** - Change, continue, or commence average speed to.

**Control** - The timing line of an open or passage control as identified by a checkpoint sign or an observation control as identified by an OBS sign, or a DIYC as identified in an instruction.

**Crossroad** - An intersection of exactly four roads from which a road goes to the left, a road goes to the right, and a road goes generally ahead.

**DIYC** - Do-it-yourself control (see Article 16.G)

**Free Zone** - A specified part of the timed rally route in which there are no open or passage controls. No penalties will be assessed for stopping within the confines of a free zone.

**Gain** - To make up a specified time during passage of a specified or implied distance. The gain time is subtracted from the time required at the given average speed to traverse the distance. The distance in which a gain is operative is a free zone.

**GI** - General Instruction

**GTA** - Game/Tour/Adventure Rally

**Intersection** - Any meeting of existent roads (without regard to route designation, surface condition or other characteristics unless such render the road non-existent) at grade level from which the rally vehicle could proceed in more than one direction without making a U-turn.

**Left\*** - Turn to the left from 10° to 179°.

**Leg** - The part of a rally route extending from one timing control to the next, or from an assigned starting point to the next timing control.

**LRI** - Lettered Routed Instruction

**NRI** - Numbered Route Instruction

**NCR** - National Course Rally

**NGR** - National Game/Tour/Adventure Rally

**NTR** - National Touring Rally

**OIM** - Official Interval Mileage

**OM** - Official Mileage

**Opportunity** - A place at which the specified action could be executed

**Pause** - To delay a specified time at a named point or during passage of a specified or implied distance. If no named point or distance is given, the pause should be executed at the first opportunity. The pause time is added to the time required at the given average speed to traverse the distance. The distance in which a pause is operative is a free zone.

**Paved** - A road having a hard surface such as concrete, brick, macadam, etc.

**Right\*** - Turn to the right from 10° to 179°

**RRRs** – The *RoadRally* rules

**Scoring Opportunity** – (NGR only) A series or single question, location, instruction, etc. whose execution or result will affect the contestants' score.

**Section** - Any part of a rally route at the beginning of which the official mileage is zero and at the end of which the OM ends or reverts to zero.

**Sideroad** - An intersection of exactly three roads where a road goes generally ahead and another road goes to the left or to the right, but not both.

**Stop** - An official octagonal stop sign at which the rally vehicle is obliged to stop.

**Straight\*** - Proceed within plus or minus 10° of directly ahead at an intersection.

**T** - An intersection of exactly three roads having the general shape of the letter T as approached from the base by the contestant. It is not possible to execute the instruction straight at a T.

**TA** - Time Allowance

**Traffic Light** - A fixed signal light alternating red and green (and frequently including yellow as a transition between green and red) used at an intersection to regulate traffic and which controls the rally vehicle. For rally purposes, only one traffic light may exist at an intersection. A traffic light may be set to operate as a blinker, although it will not be referenced as such, or may not be operating.

**Transit Zone** - A part of a rally route in which there are no timing controls and in which no specific speed need be maintained. Either an exact time for passage or a restart time from the end of the transit zone must be given. An approximate distance for the length of the transit zone is desirable.

**Turn\*** - Change direction by more than 10° at an intersection. A turn instruction cannot be executed if the instruction straight would take the contestant the same way.

**U-Turn** - Change direction 180° (NTR only - see Article 23.A.4.g) (NCR only - see Article 25.A.4.g).

**Unpaved** - A road having a non-hard surface such as broken stone, gravel, dirt, etc.

**Y** - An intersection of exactly three roads having the general shape of the letter Y as approached from the base by the contestant. It is not possible to execute the instruction straight at a Y.

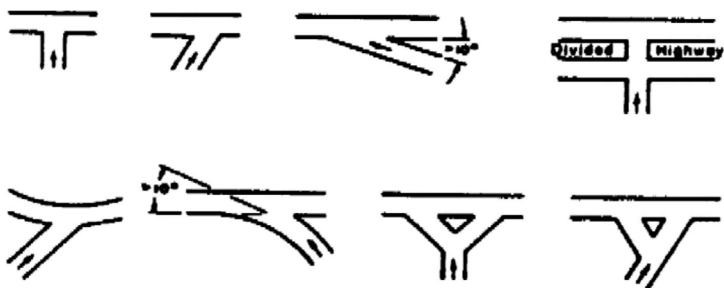
**Yield** - An official triangular yield sign at which the rally vehicle is obliged to yield.

\*(NCR only) It is to be understood that dependency upon a 10° change of direction cannot realistically provide (in all instances) a clear distinction between Right, Left, Turn, and that which is nominally Straight. As a result such terms must be applied judiciously as neither organizers nor contestants can be expected to make distinctions closely bordering upon the plus or minus 10° variance specified in the definitions. Organizers shall avoid such close determinations by employing unambiguous alternatives, when necessary, such as the use of OMs, use of instructions directing the contestant “toward” a reference or “upon” a specified route, etc. In certain instances, terms such as Go, Leave, Pickup, etc., which by virtue of their definitions might be dually defined as either a Turn or Straight, could also be successfully employed.

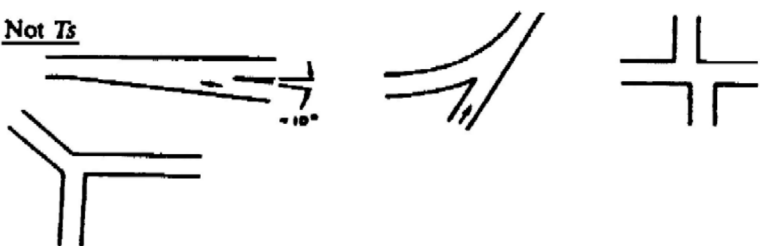
**Diagrams of Intersections**

These diagrams of intersections typically encountered on SCCA Road Rallies are to be interpreted as illustrated. With the exception of the first two “Not Crossroads” illustrations, each of the road configurations illustrated here is to be considered to be a single intersection when approached from any direction.

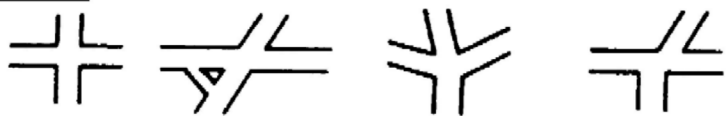
Ts



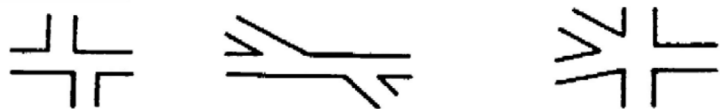
Not Ts



Crossroads



Not Crossroads



## **APPENDIX A SCCA HISTORIC CLASS TOURING *RoadRally***

This Appendix is written to define a set of parameters to be used by rallymasters presenting a ***RoadRally*** suitable for historic cars using limited types of equipment.

A ***RoadRally*** allowing Historic Class competition will comply with the rules for National Touring ***RoadRally*** events in the current SCCA ***RoadRally*** Rulebook. Route following will comply with Article 22, Route Following Priorities.

Only vehicle models manufactured before January 1, 1976 will be allowed to compete in the Historic Class. Any vehicle conforming to the FIA Rules for Historic Regularity Rallies will be allowable. They must have the equipment required for lawful operation on public roads in the state of their registration. The allowed vehicles may have modifications for the purpose of safety and reliability, which must be approved by the event committee on an individual basis.

The Historic Class may be divided into two categories based on timing and measurement equipment allowed.

Historic Limited (HL) will allow only the following equipment:

Any mechanical or quartz crystal analog readout timing devices

Any non-digital odometer can be used for mileage measurements

Any analog readout speedometer for speed measurement

Computation equipment is limited to any standard slide rule type devices and/or tables or books. The Curta (and similar) mechanical calculator is permitted.

Historic SOP (HSOP) will allow only the following equipment:

Any mechanical or quartz crystal analog readout timing devices

Any analog readout speedometer for speed measurement only

Odometers (mileage measurement equipment) are not allowed. Odometers, if present, must be masked during the entire event.

Rallymasters should design Historic Class Touring events with consideration for the age and types of vehicles that may be competing. The length of the course, as well as the timing and maneuvers may have to be adjusted to suit the intent of the Historic Class.

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## APPENDIX B PROGRAM AWARDS

### A) ROBERT V. RIDGES MEMORIAL AWARD

Bob Ridges was Secretary of the RRB from the inception of the National program in 1957 until his death in 1965. This award is presented to the SCCA member who exemplifies the highest degree of dedication and sportsmanship in the sport during the preceding year who has made an outstanding contribution to the success of an event during its execution; who has made an outstanding contribution to the program as a whole; who has exhibited exceptional sportsmanship involving personal sacrifice; or who has undertaken physical risk for the preservation of life or property.

This award is not intended for sitting RRB members, Official Observers, Rallymasters, or Officials unless they have clearly demonstrated extraordinary dedication, achievement, and/or sportsmanship above and beyond the duties and responsibilities of their office. Contestants shall only be eligible in cases involving exceptional sportsmanship, personal sacrifice or risk. The recipient is selected by the RRB based on recommendations of any rally participant or Board member. Presentation of the award is made at the Annual SCCA National Convention. This award may not be presented each year. This is the highest honor within the SCCA Rally Program.

“Bob was a sportsman in the truest sense of the word. To him, sportsmanship lay in the manner of performance rather than in the winning; though as a competitor, he always strived to do his best. His honesty, integrity, sincerity and never failing good humor as well as his dedication to sports car activities have left an indelible mark.” *SportsCar* 3/65

YEAR	RECIPIENT
2006	Jeanne English, Hermosa Beach, CA
2005	Jim Mirrieles, Arlington, VA
2003	Ted Goddard, Perkinsville, VT
2000	Jim Heine, St. Louis, MO
1998	Paula Gibeault, Ridgecrest, CA
1997	Russell Brown, Houston, TX
1994	Gene Henderson, Pinckney, MI
1993	Bob Radford, Rockford, IL
1991	John Classen, Burbank, CA
1990	Norman W. Hill, Lisle, IL
1989	Virginia J. Reese, Ann Arbor, MI
1987	John Buffum, Colchester, VT
1985	W. David Teter, Newark, DE
1982	“Doc” Floyd Shrader, M.D., W.Memphis, AR
1979	Harry M. Handley, Westport, CT
1976	Clyde Durbin, Dallas, TX
1975	Wayne J. Zitkus, Toledo, OH
1973	Erhard Dahm, Farmington, MI
1972	Kenneth Adams, Bakersfield, CA
1971	Ronald W. Jones, Tucson, AZ
1969	Victor T. Walder, Nutley, NJ
1967	Frank Schmitz, Shawnee, KS
1965	Sam E. Fast, Middletown, NY

## B) ARTHUR J. GERVAIS AWARD

Arthur J. Gervais was a longtime Rallymaster of the Historic New York National **RoadRally**. This award is presented annually in recognition of the outstanding NCR. Selection is made by vote of the top 20 competitors in each class who have competed in at least three events. Presented at the Annual SCCA National Convention. Prior to 1989, this award encompassed all National Rallies each year.

<b>YEAR</b>	<b>RALLY</b>	<b>REGION</b>	<b>CHAIRMAN</b>
2006	Old Dominion Rally I	Old Dominion	Charles A. Passut
2005	Dead Head II	Steel Cities	Rick Beattie
2004	Highway Robbery	Cal Club	Joanna Paden
	Steel Haul	Steel Cities	Bill Hawkins
2003	Chippewa Trail	Land O'Lakes	Dave Fuss
2002	Highway Robbery	Cal Club	Ron Melitsoff
2001	Return of The Crabs	Washington DC	Jim Mirrielees
2000	Oktoberally	Land O'Lakes	Mike Thompson
1999	Oktoberally	Land O'Lakes	John Emmons
1998	Virginia Creeper	Blue Ridge	Earl Hutson
1997	Oktoberally	Land O'Lakes	John A. Emmons
1996	Oktoberally	Land O'Lakes	John A. Emmons
1995	Warpath	Oklahoma	Jim Duea
1994	Greek	Chicago	Marty Howard
1993	Warpath	Oklahoma	Jim Duea
1992	Oktoberally	Land O'Lakes	Lois Van Vleet
1991	Oktoberally	Land O'Lakes	Mike Thompson
1990	Oktoberally	Land O'Lakes	Mike Thompson
1989	Chippewa Trail	Land O'Lakes	Kate Westberg
1988	Chippewa Trail	Land O'Lakes	Kate Westberg
1987	Escape to Wisconsin	Land O'Lakes	Dave Fuss/Clarence Westberg
1986	Escape to Wisconsin	Land O'Lakes	Dave Fuss/Clarence Westberg
1985	Oktoberally	Land O'Lakes	Mike Thompson/Dave Larson
1984	Great Canyon	Arizona Border	Bill Eley
1983	The Search	New England	Kit Caruthers/Mark Rerick
1982	The Search	New England	Kit Caruthers/Mark Rerick
1981	The Search	New England	Kit Caruthers/Mark Rerick
1980	Highway Robbery	Cal Club	Jeanne English
1979	Highway Robbery	Cal Club	Jack Mathieson
1978	Highway Robbery	Cal Club	John Classen
1977	Appalachian	Philadelphia	David & Barbara Teter
1976	Golden West	San Francisco	Fred Nation/Sue Russell
1975	Highway Robbery	Cal Club	James R. Lightfoot
1974	Spirit of '76	NeOhio	Rudy Kren
1973	Heart of Dixie	Tennessee Valley	Leland P. Scott
1972	El Camino Real	Cal Club	Walt Schmidt, Jr
1971	Mission Trail	Cal Club	Joseph M. Haugen
1970	Coastal Masters	San Jacinto	Russell K. Brown
1969	Andiamo	NW Ohio	Wayne J. Zitkus
1968	Press On Regardless	Detroit	Scott D. Harvey
1967	Andiamo	NW Ohio	Wayne Zitkus/John Toepfer
1966	Andiamo	NW Ohio	Wayne Zitkus/John Toepfer
1965	Rip Van Winkle	New York	Sam E. Fast
1964	Appalachian	Philadelphia	Don L Kirkpatrick

1963	La Jornada	Rio Grande	Martin Pierce
1962	Historic New York	Finger Lakes	John G. Robinson
1961	Daniel Boone	St. Louis	Don Doll/Lois J. desParois
1960	Virginia Reel	Wash., D.C.	R. Gamble Mann

### C) OUTSTANDING NATIONAL TOURING RALLY OF THE YEAR

This award is presented annually in recognition of the outstanding NTR. Selection is made by vote of the top 20 competitors in each class who have competed in at least three events in that class. Presented at the Annual SCCA National Convention.

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>RALLY</u>	<u>REGION</u>	<u>CHAIRMAN</u>
2006	Great Canyon Rally	Arizona Border	Dave Jameson
2005	Badger Trails	Land O'Lakes	John A. Emmons
2004	Badger Trails	Land O'Lakes	John A. Emmons
2003	Badger Trails	Land O'Lakes	John A. Emmons
2002	Laurel Tour	Steel Cities	William Hawkins
2001	Catoctin Monte	Washington DC	Jim Mirrielees/Eric Bloom
2000	Northern Lights	Land O'Lakes	Lois Van Vleet
1999	The Winery	San Francisco	Derf Nation
1998	Trail of the Lonesome Pine	Blue Ridge	Earl Hutson
1997	Great Canyon	Arizona Border	Dave Jameson/John Sears
1996	Historic New York	Finger Lakes	Debbi Segall
1995	Historic New York	Finger Lakes	Debbi Segall
1994	Oktoberally	Land O'Lakes	Lois Van Vleet
1993	Texas Triangle B <sup>2</sup>	Houston	Joan/Ken Mathew
1992	Historic New York	Finger Lakes	Debbi Segall
1991	See Ya Later Alligator	Houston	Bob Gillispie
1990	Inaugural	Cal Club	John Classen
1989	Harvest Moon Tulip Rally	Western Ohio	Mark Fox

### D) NATIONAL COURSE RALLY CHAMPIONSHIP

2007	Grand Master	James Friedman	Silver Spring, MD
		Bob Morseburg	Seattle, WA
		Jack von Kaenel	Arlington, VA
	Expert	Steve Gaddy	Grand Forks, ND
		Senior	Mark Haas
2006	Sportsman	Jim Wakeman	Turnersville, NJ
		Jeff Wakeman	Fair Lawn, NJ
	Class E	Jack von Kaenel	Arlington, VA
		Class L	R. Bruce Gezon
	Class S	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
		Fred Mapplebeck	Salem, NH
		J. Toney	Woodland, CA
2005	Class E	Jessica Toney	Redwood City, CA
		Bob Morseburg	Seattle, WA
	Monte Saager	Hillsboro, OR	
	Class L	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
		David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
Class S	J. Toney	Woodland, CA	

2004	Class E	Rick Beattie Chuck Larouere Jack von Kaenel	Pittsburgh, PA Pittsburgh, PA Arlington, VA
	Class L	Chuck Hanson Steve Gaddy	Indianapolis, IN Grand Forks, ND
2003	Class S	J. Toney	Woodland, CA
	Class E	Rick Beattie Chuck Larouere Jim Mirrieles Bob Morseburg	Pittsburgh, PA Pittsburgh, PA Arlington, VA Seattle, WA
	Class L	R. Bruce Gezon Fred Mapplebeck	Murrysville, PA Salem, NH
	Class S	J. Toney Jessica Toney	Woodland, CA San Mateo, CA
2002	Class E	Rick Beattie Chuck Larouere	Pittsburgh, PA Pittsburgh, PA
	Class L	Jeanne English David Kolb	Hermosa Beach, CA Old Bridge, NJ
	Class S	Steve Gaddy	Grand Forks, ND
2000-2001	Discontinued		
1999	Class E	Jack von Kaenel Bob Morseburg	Ft. Myer, VA Seattle, WA
	Class L	Jeanne English David Kolb	Hermosa Beach, CA Old Bridge, NJ
	Class S	No Qualifier	
1998	Class E	Bob Morseburg Jim Mirrieles	Seattle, WA Arlington, VA
	Class L	Jeanne English David Kolb	Hermosa Beach, CA Old Bridge, NJ
1997	Class S	No Qualifier	
	Class E	Dave Fuss Scott Forehand	Maple Grove, MN Maple Plain, MN
	Class L	Jeanne English David Kolb	Hermosa Beach, CA Old Bridge, NJ
1996	Class S	Richard Kamo Helen Boricic	Niles, IL Niles, IL
	Class E	Jim Mirrieles Bob Morseburg	Arlington, VA Seattle, WA
	Class L	Jeanne English David Kolb	Hermosa Beach, CA Old Bridge, NJ
	Class S	Richard Kamo Helen Boricic	Arlington Heights, IL Arlington Heights, IL
1995	Class E	Bob Morseburg	Seattle, WA
	Class L	Jeanne English David Kolb	Hermosa Beach, CA Old Bridge, NJ
1994	Class S	Helen Boricic Richard Kamo	Arlington Heights, IL Arlington Heights, IL
	Class E	Scott Forehand Dave Fuss	Maple Plain, MN Maple Grove, MN
	Class U	Jeanne English David Kolb	Hermosa Beach, CA Old Bridge, NJ
	Class S	Richard Kamo	Arlington Heights, IL

1993	Class E	Bob Morseburg	Seattle, WA
	Class U	Jim Mirrielees	Glendale, WI
		Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
1992	Class S	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
	Class E	Jim O'Connor	Ellicott City, MD
		Jack von Kaenel	Ft. Sill, OK
1991	Class U	Dave Fuss	Maple Grove, MN
	Class A	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
		David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
1990	Class S	Jim O'Connor	Ellicott City, MD
	Class B	Jack von Kaenel	Ft. Sill, OK
		Bob Morseburg	Seattle, WA
1989	Class A	John Classen	Burbank, CA
	Class B	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
	Class C	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
1988	Class A	Randy Howard	Newbury Park, CA
	Class B	Kris Thompson	Newbury Park, CA
		John Stenmark	Jackson, MS
1987	Class A	Janice Stenmark	Jackson, MS
	Class B	John Classen	Burbank, CA
	Class C	Bob Morseburg	Seattle, WA
1986	Class A	John Soltesz	Pemberville, OH
	Class B	John Classen	Burbank, CA
		Bob Radford	Conifer, CO
1985	Class C	Kay Soltesz	Pemberville, OH
	Class A	James Friedman	Silver Spring, MD
	Class B	John Classen	Burbank, CA
1984	Class C	Jack von Kaenel	Ft. Bragg, NC
	Class A	Jim O'Connor	Ellicott City, MD
	Class B	John Classen	Burbank, CA
1983	Class A	Bob Radford	Conifer, CO
	Class B	Bob Miller	Tewksbury, MA
	Class C	Bob Schlain	Hartford, CT
1982	Class A & B	Steve Beuerman	Cupertino, CA
	Class C	Mike Machado	San Jose, CA
		John Classen	Burbank, CA
1981	Class A & B	Bob Radford	Conifer, CO
	Class C	Richard Kamo	Prospect Heights, IL
		John Kutska	Brookfield, IL
1980	Class A & B	John Classen	Burbank, CA
	Class C	Bob Radford	Conifer, CO
		Don Bailor	Garden Grove, CA
1979	Class A	Kim Joiner	Palatine, IL
	Class B	Richard Kamo	Prospect Heights, IL
		Roger Bergstein	Forest Hills, NY
1978	Class C	John Classen	Burbank, CA
	Class A	Joseph Coyle	Dracut, MA
		Val Stegemoen	Millville, MA
1977	Class A & B	John Classen	Los Angeles, CA
	Class C	Bob Radford	Rockford, IL
		Dean Guttridge	Silver Spring, MD
1976	Class A	Joe Guttridge	Silver Spring, MD
	Class B	Loetta Hamilton	Lexington, KY
		Phil Schneider	Lexington, KY

1983	Class A & B	John Classen	Los Angeles, CA
	Class C	Bob Radford Jim Doan Mark Haas	Rockford, IL Willow Grove, PA Ardsley, PA
1982	Class A & B	John Classen	Los Angeles, CA
	Class C	Bob Radford Steve Perlman	Rockford, IL Bloomington, IN
1981	Class A	John Classen	Los Angeles, CA
	Class B	Roger Bergstein Bob Radford	Forest Hills, NY Rockford, IL
	Class C	Jim Doan Mark Haas	Willow Grove, PA Ardsley, PA
1980	Class A	Bob Radford	Rockford, IL
	Class B	Fred Rosevear Kit Caruthers	Madison, WI Cambridge, MA
		John Classen Jeanne English David Kolb	Los Angeles, CA Hermosa Beach, CA South River, NJ
Class C	Mark Larson Gary Starr	Eyota, MN Bloomington, MN	
1979	Class A	Bob Radford	Rockford, IL
	Class B	Fred Rosevear John Classen	Madison, WI Los Angeles, CA
1978	Class A	Jeanne English James Friedman	Hermosa Beach, CA Schnecksville, PA
	Class B	Clarence Westberg Roger Bergstein	Richfield, MN Forest Hills, NY
1977	Class A	John Classen	Los Angeles, CA
		R. Bruce Gezon Curt Rich W. David Teter	Murrysville, PA Houston, TX Newark, DE
	Class B	Roger Bergstein Ken Johnson	Forest Hills, NY New Preston, CT
1976	Class A	Dave Flanigan	Huntsville, AL
	Class B	Bob Kruse Ron Hayslett	Huntsville, AL Las Cruces, NM
1975	Class A	Dick Ecelbarger	Tucson, AZ
	Class B	Richard Lieberman Rick Turner Elliott Woodward	Annandale, VA Los Angeles, CA Altadena, CA
1974	Class A	R. Bruce Gezon	Peoria, IL
	Class B	Lowell Lovvorn	Huntsville, AL
1973	Class A	Sam K. Jones, Jr. Clark E. Thorp	Huntsville, AL Huntsville, AL
	Class B	Norman S. de Carteret Lowell Lovvorn K. Paul Smith	White Plains, NY Huntsville, AL South Bound Brook, NJ
	Class A	Sam K. Jones, Jr. Clark E. Thorp	Huntsville, AL Huntsville, AL
1972	Class B	John Y. Chidester, Jr. R. Bruce Gezon	Uniontown, PA West Chester, PA

1971	Class A	Nathan H. Jones	Houston, TX
	Class B	Russell K. Brown	Houston, TX
		John Y. Chidester, Jr.	Uniontown, PA
		R. Bruce Gezon	West Chester, PA
1970	Class A	David Weiman	Evanston, IL
	Class B	Bernie W. Rekus	Chicago, IL
		John Y. Chidester, Jr.	Uniontown, PA
		R. Bruce Gezon	West Chester, PA
1969	Class A	Roger H. Bohl	Holmdel, NJ
	Class B	Kathryn Bohl	Holmdel, NJ
		John Y. Chidester, Jr.	Uniontown, PA
		R. Bruce Gezon	West Chester, PA
1968	Class A	Nathan H. Jones	Houston, TX
	Class B	Russell K. Brown	Houston, TX
		John Y. Chidester, Jr.	Uniontown, PA
		R. Bruce Gezon	West Chester, PA
1967	Class A	Roger H. Bohl	Holmdel, NJ
	Class B	Kathryn Bohl	Holmdel, NJ
		Bernard G. Albers	Castle, PA
		Ursel Albers	New Castle, PA
1966	Overall	Dennis Koelmel	Huntingdon Valley, PA
		Sally Anne Koelmel	Huntingdon Valley, PA
1965	Overall	Dennis Koelmel	Huntingdon Valley, PA
		Sally Anne Koelmel	Huntingdon Valley, PA
1964	Club Class	Scott D. Harvey	Dearborn, MI
	Mfg. Class	Jay Toney	Pineville, PA
		Dennis Koelmel	Huntingdon Valley, PA
		Sally Anne Koelmel	Huntingdon Valley, PA
1963	Overall	Scott D. Harvey	Dearborn, MI
		Warren Tiaht	Oak Park, MI
1962	Overall	Leslie C. Smith	Austin, TX
		Angie Smith	Austin, TX
1961	Overall	Helen Hough	Westport, CT
1960	Overall	Roger H. Bohl	Plainfield, NJ
		Richard W. Smith	Quakertown, PA
1959	Overall	Juanita DeLoof	Manhattan Beach, CA
		Mel R. DeLoof	Manhattan Beach, CA
		Thomas R. Lusk	Alexandria, VA
1958	Overall	Joseph M. Bechtel	Manhattan Beach, CA
		Celia Bechtel	Manhattan Beach, CA

## E) NATIONAL TOURING RALLY CHAMPIONSHIP

2007	Grand Master	R. Bruce Gezon	Murrysville, PA
		Dave Jameson	Tucson, AZ
		Fred Mapplebeck	Salem, NH
		Jack von Kaenel	Arlington, VA
	Expert	Steve Gaddy	Grand Forks, ND
	Senior	Steve Novatne	Bethlehem, PA
	Sportsman	Paul Eklund	Tigard, OR

2006	Class E	John Emmons Dave Head W. David Teter Lois Van Vleet	Galesville, WI King George, VA Newark, DE Galesville, WI
	Class L	R. Bruce Gezon Fred Mapplebeck	Murrysville, PA Salem, NH
	Class S	J Toney Jessica Toney	Woodland, CA Redwood City, CA
2005	Class E	Rick Beattie Chuck Larouere	Pittsburgh, PA Pittsburgh, PA
	Class L	R. Bruce Gezon Fred Mapplebeck J Toney	Murrysville, PA Salem, NH Woodland, CA
2004	Class E	Rick Beattie Chuck Larouere	Pittsburgh, PA Pittsburgh, PA
	Class L	R. Bruce Gezon Fred Mapplebeck	Murrysville, PA Salem, NH
	Class S	Fred Rosevear Mike Thompson	Madison, WI La Crosse, WI
2003	Class E	Rick Beattie Chuck Larouere Bob Morseburg	Pittsburgh, PA Pittsburgh, PA Seattle, WA
	Class L	R. Bruce Gezon Fred Mapplebeck	Murrysville, PA Salem, NH
	Class S	J. Toney Jessica Toney	Woodland, CA San Mateo, CA
2002	Class E	Ron Johnstonbaugh Jack von Kaenel	Wadsworth, OH Arlington, VA
	Class L Class S	R. Bruce Gezon Steve Gaddy	Murrysville, PA Grand Forks, ND
2000-2001	Discontinued		
1999	Class E	Bill Laitenberger Debbi Segall	Fairport, NY Fairport, NY
	Class L	Fred Mapplebeck Rene Ruel	Salem, NH Bridgewater, NJ
	Class S	Kathleen Toomey Rene Ruel	Bridgewater, NJ Bridgewater, NJ
1998	Class E	John Emmons Lois Van Vleet	Galesville, WI Galesville, WI
	Class L	Karl Broberg Jeanne English Dave Jameson David Kolb	Tucson, AZ Hermosa Beach, CA Tucson, AZ Old Bridge, NJ
	Class S	Dave Weiman Russell Brown	Houston, TX Houston, TX
1997	Class E	Ron Ferris John Sears	Florissant, MO Tucson, AZ
	Class L	Karl Broberg Dave Jameson	Tucson, AZ Tucson, AZ
	Class S	Rene Ruel	Bridgewater, NJ
1996	Class E	Jim Friedman Jack von Kaenel	Silver Spring, MD Fort Myer, VA
	Class L	Karl Broberg Dave Jameson	Tucson, AZ Tucson, AZ
	Class S	Rene Ruel	Bridgewater, NJ

1995	Class E	Jim Duea	Yukon, OK
	Class L	Karl Broberg Dave Jameson David Kolb Jeanne English	Tucson, AZ Tucson, AZ Old Bridge, NJ Hermosa Beach, CA
1994	Class S	Rich Kamo	Arlington Heights, NJ
	Class E	Debbi Segall	Rochester, NY
	Class U	Bill Laitenberger	Rochester, NY
		Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
David Kolb		Old Bridge, NJ	
1993	Class S	Karl Broberg	Tucson, AZ
		Dave Jameson	Tucson, AZ
		Rich Kamo	Arlington Heights, NJ
	Class E	Jim Mirrieles Mike Lingenfelter Tim Craft	Alexandria, VA Indianapolis, IN Racine, WI
	Class U	Bill Laitenberger	Rochester, NY
		Karl Broberg	Tucson, AZ
1992	Class S	Jim Mirrieles	Glendale, WI
		John Puffenberger	Fostoria, OH
		Mike Puffenberger	Fostoria, OH
	Class E	Rich Kamo	Arlington Heights, IL
	Class U	Mike Lingenfelter Tim Craft	Indianapolis, IN Racine, WI
1991	Class U	Dave Jameson	Tucson, AZ
		Karl Broberg	Tucson, AZ
	Class S	Jim Mirrieles	Glendale, WI
		Mike Puffenberger	Fostoria, OH
		John Puffenberger	Fostoria, OH
1990	Class E	Rich Kamo	Arlington Heights, IL
	Class U	Curt Rich	Houston, TX
	Class S	Debbie Rich	Houston, TX
1989	Class U	Karl Broberg	Tucson, AZ
		Rich Kamo	Arlington Heights, IL
	Class E	Dick McKone	Peoria, IL
		Mike Lingenfelter	Wheeling, IL
1989	Class U	Dan Schonberg	Grand Rapids, MI
		Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
	Class S	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
1989	Class S	Richard Kamo	Arlington Heights, IL
		Richard McKone	Peoria, IL
	Class E	Dan Coughnour	Dayton, OH
		Mark Fox	Dayton, OH
1989	Class U	Karl Broberg	Tucson, AZ
	Class S	Dave Jameson Bob Radford John Ruther	Tucson, AZ Conifer, CO Cary, IL

F) NATIONAL GTA CHAMPIONSHIP

2001	Sportsman	Catherine LaCroix	Grapevine, TX
		Mark LaCroix	Grapevine, TX

G) NATIONAL *RoadRally* CHAMPIONSHIP

2001	Class E	Ron Johnstonbaugh	Wadsworth, OH
		Greg Lester	Akron, OH
		Jack von Kaenel	Arlington, VA
	Class L	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
		David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
	Class S	Karl Broberg	Tucson, AZ
		Charles Hanson	Indianapolis, IN
2000	Class E	Dave Jameson	Tucson, AZ
		Jim Mirrielees	Arlington, VA
		Bob Morseburg	Seattle, WA
	Class L	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
		David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
		Fred Mapplebeck	Salem, NH
	Class S	Rene Ruel	Bridgewater, NJ
		Julie Gaddy	Melville, NY
		Steve Gaddy	Melville, NY
	Class R	Fred Mapplebeck	Salem, NH
		Chris Bean	Columbia, MD

H) MANUFACTURERS RALLY CHAMPIONSHIP

The Manufacturers Rally Championship is an annual competition for all automobile manufacturers, domestic and foreign, in all National Championship Rallies. The winner shall be the marque compiling the highest total points in these rallies. From 1964 through 1989, this award included all National Rallies. From 1989 through 1993, this award was separated for each series (NCR / NTR). From 1994 on, this award includes all National Championship Rallies. Not awarded 1997 through 2003

2006	Subaru
2005	Subaru
2004	Subaru
1996	Pontiac
1995	Toyota
1994	Subaru

I) MANUFACTURERS COURSE RALLY CHAMPIONSHIP

1989-1993	Toyota Motor Sales, U.S.A., Inc
1971-1981	Nissan Motor Corp. in U.S.A. (Datsun)
1969-1970	Ford Division, Ford Motor Company
1968	Volvo
1967	Chevrolet Division, General Motors Corporation
1964-1966	Chrysler-Plymouth Division, Chrysler Corporation

J) MANUFACTURERS TOURING RALLY CHAMPIONSHIP

1992-1993	BMW
1991	Nissan Motors

1990 Audi of America, Inc  
 1989 Toyota Motor Sales, Inc

K) VIC AND JESSIE WALLDER AWARD

This award was presented annually by Vic & Jessie Wallder to the highest placing husband and wife team in National Rally competition. Discontinued in 1994

1993	Charles & Joyce Clark	Albuquerque, NM
1992	Russell & Jan Brown	Houston, TX
1991	Curt & Debbie Rich	Houston, TX
1990	John & Karin Driver	Boca Raton, FL
1989	John & Janice Stenmark	Jackson, MS
1988	John & Janice Stenmark	Jackson, MS
1987	John & Janice Stenmark	Jackson, MS
1986	John & Janice Stenmark	Jackson, MS
1985	John & Janice Stenmark	Jackson, MS
1984	Clarence & Kate Westberg	Bloomington, MN
1983	Roger & Felicia Kuehne	Janesville, WI

L) COURSE RALLY ROOKIE OF THE YEAR

Presented annually to the SCCA member who, in his/her first season of NCR competition, accumulates the greatest number of points in any class. To be eligible, the member shall not have earned any prior Lifetime **RoadRally** Points. Discontinued in 1991

1990	Jan Brown, Houston, TX	1978	Brian Jacobson, Osseo, MN
1989	John Pearsall, Oklahoma City, OK		Steve Landwehr, Long Lake, MN
1988	Mike Machado, San Jose, CA	1977	Martin S. George, Mariette, GA
1987	Richard/Cynthia McKone, Peoria, IL	1976	Evelyn Downing, Vancouver, WA
1986	Don Bailor, Garden Grove, CA	1976	J. Russell Downing, Vancouver, WA
	Richard Kamo, Prospect Heights, IL	1975	Rick Turner, Los Angeles, CA
1985	Kim Joiner, Palatine, IL		Elliott Woodward, Altadena, CA
1984	Tim/Tern Meyer, Westminster, CO	1974	Judi Seibert, Marietta, GA
1983	Val Stegemoen, Miliville, MA	1973	Ken Johnson, New Preston, CT
1982	Randy Waibel, Houston, TX	1972	Tom Moran, Akron, OH
	Tom Zakrzewski, League City, TX	1971	Steven Rosenthal, Natick, MA
1981	Jim Doan, Willow Grove, PA	1970	Bill Chambers, Las Cruces, NM
	Mark Haas, Ardsley, PA	1969	Wayne T. Elvin, Greensboro, NC
1980	Ty Holmquist, Bonita, CA	1968	Paul A. Novak, Satellite Beach, FL
1979	Wayne Harris, Marietta, GA		

M) DIVISIONAL **RoadRally** ACHIEVEMENT

Initiated in 1992, this award is presented in recognition of a division's activities in **RoadRally** for a new or on-going program. This may include events, promotions, attendance, innovation in public relations, etc. Nominations clearly indicating the qualifying details may be made by any rally participant, with the recipient being selected by the RRB.

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>DIVISION</u>	<u>DIVISIONAL STEWARD</u>
2006	NEDIV	Fred Mapplebeck
2005	MIDDIV	Bruce Bettinger
2004	CENDIV	Greg Lester

2003	NOPAC	Kevin Poirier
2002	SEDIV	Bob Ricker
2001	NEDIV	Fred Mapplebeck
2000	CENDIV	Jim Mickle
1999	CENDIV	Jim Mickle
1998	NEDIV	Rene Ruel
1997	CENDIV	Jim Mickle
1995	CENDIV	Dave Head
1994	MIDDIV	Jim Heine
1992	NEDIV	Peter Schneider

**N) BEST NEW DIVISIONAL COURSE RALLY**

Discontinued in 1989.

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>RALLY</u>	<u>REGION</u>	<u>CHAIRMAN</u>
1988	Iron Hand	Steel Cities	William Hawkins/Chuck Larouere
1987	Blue Bayou Too	Red River	Rhonda White
			John/Janice Stenmark
1986	40 Year Anniv. Rally	Indianapolis	John Calhoun/Dave Head
1985	The Afternoon Rally	Atlanta Region	Mark Pullen/Robert Harvey
1984	A Grand Tour	Western Michigan	Tom Johnson/Jeff Boris
1983	Say Yes To Michigan	Northwestern Ohio	John Calhoun
1982	Aftershock	San Francisco	Bill Jonesi/Keith McMahan
1981	Prairie Grass	Kentucky	Norm Hill/Pete Matuszak

**O) BEST NEW REGIONAL *RoadRally* PROGRAM**

Discontinued in 1991, replaced with Regional Achievement Award in 1993

1990	Milwaukee Region
1989	Chicago Region
1988	Houston Region
1987	Cal Club Region
1986	Buccaneer Region
	Chattanooga Region
1985	St. Louis Region
1984	Lake Superior Region
1983	River Cities Region
1982	Blue Ridge Region
1981	Lake Michigan Region

**P) BEST NEW NATIONAL RALLY**

Presented in recognition of the best new event on the National calendar. Selection is made by vote of the top 20 competitors in each class, who have competed in at least four National level events.

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>EVENT</u>	<u>REGION</u>	<u>CHAIRMAN/RALLYMASTER</u>
2001	Catoctin Monte	Washington DC	Jim Mirrielees/Eric Bloom
2000	Lighthouse Depot V	New England	Mary Anne Rhodes
1999	Rallye to the Point	Washington D.C.	Jim Mirrielees
1998	Not awarded		
1997	Not awarded		
1996	Steel Haul	Steel Cities	Chuck Larouere/Rick Beattie
1995	Atlantic Tour	New England	Gary Webb

1994	Back Home Again	Indianapolis	Dave Head
1993	Warpath	Oklahoma	Jim Duea
1992	Midnight Mountain	New England	Patti Mikkelsen/Mike Collier

**Q) REGIONAL *RoadRally* ACHIEVEMENT AWARD**

Presented in recognition of a Region’s activities in *RoadRally* for a new or on-going program. This may include events, promotions, attendance, innovation in public relations, event participation, etc. Nominations clearly indicating the qualifying details may be made by any rally participant, with the recipient being selected by the RRB.

2006	Arctic Alaska Region
2005	Washington D.C. Region
2004	New England Region & Old Dominion Region
2003	Oregon Region
2002	Finger Lakes
2001	New England
2000	Detroit
1999	Philadelphia
1998	Oregon Region
1997	Saginaw Valley
1994-1996	No awards
1993	Northeast Oklahoma

**R) NOVICE TEAM AWARD**

Initiated in 1994, this award is presented to the team that shows the most promise in their first season of National Rallying. Each organizing committee may submit one team in nomination. The RRB will select from those nominated. To be eligible, at their first event of the season, the nominated team must have participated in no more than four National Road Rallies (any combination 3 + 1, 2 + 2, or 4 + 0). The award is announced and presented at the Annual SCCA National Convention. Discontinued in 2000.

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>COMPETITOR</u>	<u>HOMETOWN</u>
1999	Not awarded	
1998	Tom Tyson	Mechanicsville, VA
	Robert Darby	Greensboro, NC
1997	Not awarded	
1996	Jim Shaffer	Franklin, MI
	Jim Fekete	Canton, MI
1995	Alan McClure	Tucson, AZ
	Marie McClure	Tucson, AZ
1994	Al Kintigh	Brooklyn Park, MN
	J.B. Niday	Richfield, MN

S) UNITED STATES **RoadRally** CHALLENGE

<b>YEAR</b>	<b>COMPETITOR</b>	<b>HOMETOWN</b>
2006 - Topeka, KS/2006 RRB		
Class E	Rick Beattie	Pittsburgh, PA
	Steve Gaddy	Grand Forks, ND
Class L	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
Class S	Justin Connors	Cecil, PA
	Michael Hordijk	Mars, PA
2005 - St. Louis, MO/St. Louis Region		
Class E	Chuck Larouere	Pittsburgh, PA
	Rick Beattie	Pittsburgh, PA
Class L	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
Class S	Bill Jones	San Jose, CA
	J. Toney	Woodland, CA
2004 - Santa Maria, CA/Cal Club Region		
Class E	Chuck Larouere	Pittsburgh, PA
	Rick Beattie	Pittsburgh, PA
Class L	R. Bruce Gezon	Murrysville, PA
	Fred Mapplebeck	Salem, NH
Class S	J. Toney	Woodland, CA
2003 - Portland, OR/Oregon Region		
Class E	Chuck Larouere	Pittsburgh, PA
	Rick Beattie	Pittsburgh, PA
Class L	R. Bruce Gezon	Murrysville, PA
	Fred Mapplebeck	Salem, NH
Class S	Marcus Song	Portland, OR
	Brandon Harer	Portland, OR
2002 - Pittsburgh, PA/Steel Cities Region		
Class E	Jack von Kaenel	Arlington, VA
	Jim Friedman	Silver Spring, MD
Class L	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
Class S	Julie Gaddy	Grand Forks, ND
	Steve Gaddy	Grand Forks, ND
2001 - St. Louis, MO/St. Louis Region		
Class E	Jack von Kaenel	Arlington, VA
	Jim Friedman	Silver Spring, MD
Class L	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
	Fred Mapplebeck	Salem, NH
	Val Stegemoen	Millville, MA
Class S	Jessica Toney	San Mateo, CA
	J. Toney	Woodland, CA
	Julie Gaddy	Grand Forks, ND
	Steve Gaddy	Grand Forks, ND

2000 - LaCrosse, WI/Land O'Lakes Region		
Class E	Bob Morseburg	Seattle, WA
	Jim Mirrielees	Arlington, VA
Class L	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
Class S	Fred Mapplebeck	Salem, NH
	Rene Ruel	Bridgewater, NJ
1999 - San Francisco, CA/San Francisco Region		
Class E	Bob Morseburg	Seattle, WA
Class L	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
Class S	Kathleen Toomey	Bridgewater, NJ
	Rene Ruel	Bridgewater, NJ
1998 - St. Louis, MO/St. Louis Region		
Class E	Bob Morseburg	Seattle, WA
	Jim Mirrielees	Arlington, VA
Class L	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
Class S	Kathleen Toomey	Bridgewater, NJ
	Rene Ruel	Bridgewater, NJ
1997 - Roanoke, VA/Blue Ridge		
Class E	Jack von Kaenel	Ft. Myer, VA
	Jim Friedman	Silver Spring, MD
Class L	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
Class S	Rene Ruel	Bridgewater, NJ
	Kathleen Toomey	Bridgewater, NJ
1996 - Rochester, NY/Finger Lakes		
Class E	Jack von Kaenel	Ft. Myer, VA
	Jim Friedman	Silver Spring, MD
Class L	Vera Shanov	Westport, CT
	Clint Goss	Westport, CT
Class S	Kathy Toomey	Bridgewater, NJ
	Rene Ruel	Bridgewater, NJ
1995 - LaCrosse, WI/Land O' Lakes		
Class E	Bill Laitenberger	Rochester, NY
	Debbi Segall	Fairport, NY
Class L	Jeanne English	Hermosa Beach, CA
	David Kolb	Old Bridge, NJ
Class S	Rich Kamo	Niles, IL
	Jim Mirrielees	Arlington, VA

## T) LIFETIME POINTS STANDINGS

The following points were adopted by the RRB based on recommendation of the late Harry M. Handley. The standings are based on the lifetime scoring project begun by the late Robert V. Ridges and resurrected by the late Russell K. Brown. Lifetime standings are based on the first six overall positions (10, 8, 6, 5, 4, and 3 points respectively) on all SCCA sanctioned national **RoadRally** events (except NGR) conducted from 1958 through and including events of 10/31/07. Points are included in the RRRs for participants with 25 or more points. W. David Teter who assumed the duty from the late Victor T. Walder in 1997 maintains Lifetime Points. For

inquiries about individual standings (including those with less than 25 points) call (302) 368-4210, e-mail teter@udel.edu, or send a self-addressed stamped envelope to: W. David Teter, 418 Arbour Dr, Newark, DE 19713.

\* indicates deceased

**Great Grand Master  
(400 points or greater)**

Bob	Morseburg	1550
Dave	Teter	1274
Jack	von Kaenel	1058
David	Kolb	1047
Dave	Head	1003
Jim	Friedman	987
John	Sears	939
Jeanne	English	932
John	Classen	835
Chuck	Larouere	795
Rick	Beattie	694
R. Bruce	Gezon	694
Jim	Mirrielees *	660
Bob	Radford	645
Bill	Laitenberger	617
Fred	Rosevear	605
Ron	Ferris	502
Scott	Forehand	493
Debbi	Segall	464
Roger	Bergstein	444
Russ	Brown *	426
Mike	Thompson	424
Dave	Fuss	418
Fred	Mapplebeck	417

**Grand Master (200 - 399)**

Gary	Starr	374
David	Weiman	371
Ron	Johnstonbaugh	346
Dave	Jameson	341
John	Emmons	333
Mike	Lingenfelter	333
Roger	Bohl	325
Lois	Van Vleet	325
Karl	Broberg	318
Kit	Caruthers (Darby)	288
J.	Toney	284
Clarence	Westberg	282
Jim	Bickham	267
Curt	Rich	267
Mark	Evangelista	263
Renee	O'Leary	254
Barbara	Bickham *	252
Dennis	Koelmel	248
Sally Ann	Koelmel	248
Steve	Gaddy	246

Monte	Saager	245
Stu	Helfer	239
John	Stenmark	238
John	O'Leary *	223
Janice	Stenmark	221
Greg	Lester	215
Karl	Goering	208
Terry	Nordstrom	206
Tim	Craft	201

**Master (100 - 199)**

Mark	Rerick	190
Ron	Hayslett	184
Richard	Crandall *	182
Felicia	Kuehne	176
Roger	Kuehne	176
Wayne	Zitkus	173
Ken	Johnson	172
Marv	Altman	169
Spence	Darby	166
Nathan	Jones *	166
Rich	Kamo	163
R. Dale	Kraushaar	158
Bill	Jonesi	157
Charles	Clark	155
Jim	Hathcock	152
John	Smiskol	152
Jim	Duea	148
Bill	Gronning	139
Kathy	Bohl	137
John	Kelley	134
Bob	Miller	132
Bob	Schlain	132
Fred (Derf)	Nation *	131
Ken	Adams	130
Ed	Follis	129
Dick	Smith	129
Bob	Kruse	128
Joyce	Clark	127
Andrew	Deming	126
Dave	Seibert	126
Bob	Clayton	125
Lowell	Lovvorn	125
Scott	Harvey, Sr	124
John	Calhoun	121
Clark	Thorp	119
psam	Ordener	116
Harry	Ward	116
John	McArthur	115

T.C. Gordon	Wagner *	115
Don	Edlund	114
Mike	McGraw	112
Bob	Lyon	111
Frank	Caldwell	110
J. Willie	Williams	110
Dave	Parps	109
Dave	Flanigan	108
Dick	Lieberman	105
Clyde	Durbin	104
Angie	Smith	103
Les	Smith	103
Mark	Larson	102
Banks	Mebane *	102
Robert	Mollman	102
Ken	Knight	101
Dick	Ecelbarger *	100
Charles	Hanson	100

### Expert (50 - 99)

Harry Casey	Kronson	99
Bill	Forbes	98
Dave	Harkcom	98
Norm	Hill *	98
Gene	Henderson *	96
Sam	Jones	95
Don	Kirkpatrick	94
Don	Andrews *	90
Jo Anne	Carlisle	90
Rene	Ruel	90
Steve	Wood	90
Dennis	Lafata *	89
Dennis	Doffing	88
Bill	Carlisle	87
Moishe	Mark	86
Jolyan	Butler	85
Jack Y.	Chidester	85
John	Driver	84
Karin	Driver	84
Dave	Fellman	84
Lee	Hendrick	82
Marty	Howard	82
Kate	Kaiser (Westburg)	82
Norm	deCarteret	81
Sue	Russell	81
Tom	Sullivan	81
Cheri	Eddy	80
Paul	Smith	80
Dan	Coughnour	79
Wayne	Elvin	79
Suzanne	Hundertmark	79
Ted	Sparks	78
Larry	Hough	77
Sondra	Nation	77

Steve	Perlman	77
Jan	Brown	76
Chris	Fedor	76
Jerry	Yowell	76
Rob	Moran	75
John	Pearsall	75
Francois	Didot	74
Garrett	Harbron	74
Lynette	Jones	74
Bob	Lupcho	74
Sammie	Smith	74
Pat	Lewis	73
Roger	Lewis	73
Richard	Norton	72
Carolyn	Durbin (Wester)	71
Phil	Henderson	71
Brian	Jacobson	71
John	Roache	71
Judy	Roache	71
Rita	Wagner	71
John	Schearer	70
Dottie	Sparks	70
Jim	Crittenden	69
Jerry	Bloom	68
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